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## League Cabinet Summoned

### JINNAH REACTS TO A.I.C.C. DECISION

### Improvement In Health: Return To Normal Activities

KARACHI, Jan 7, (API): Mr. M. A. Jinnah; President of the All-India Muslim League; has issued the following statement:—

"I have seen the press report of the resolution passed by the All-India Congress Committee and the discussions and the pronouncements of the various leaders who participated in the deliberations of the All-India Congress Committee meeting.

"I propose to summon the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League at an early date and I am in communication with the Secretary of the All-India Muslim League in this connection. Probably the Working Committee may meet in Karachi. I, therefore, do not wish to express my opinion until I have had the opportunity of consulting the members of the Working Committee and I do not wish to anticipate their decision by expressing my opinion at this moment. It will be for the Working Committee to take such decisions as they may think proper after full discussions."

JINNAH'S HEALTH

KARACHI, Jan. 7, (API): Mr. Khurshid; Secretary to Mr. Jinnah; told the Associated Press today that Mr. Jinnah's health has now improved and he hopes to resume his normal activities soon. The Muslim League leader who since his journey to London has been suffering from fatigue; was advised by his doctors to take complete rest for some days.

### *Assam's Test For Jinnah*

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (U.P.I.): Interviewed by the United Press of India about his reactions to the resolution adopted by the A.I.C.C. yesterday, Rev. Nichols Roy, Assam Minister, who attended the A.I.C.C. session, made the following statement on the eve of his departure:

"Consistently with the mandate given by the Assam Legislative Assembly to the members elected to the Constituent Assembly, the Assam delegates to the A.I.C.C. opposed Pandit Nehru's resolution and also voted against it. The attitude of Assam towards H.M.G.'s statement remains the same as before. Assam representatives in the Constituent Assembly shall abide by the mandate given by the Assam Legislature and will not allow her constitution to be dictated by any other province. Assam can take part in Section C only under one condition, viz., that she should be treated as an independent unit on equal terms with the other unit in the Section C, namely, Bengal. The constitution shall be made only by members who have been elected by the Assam Legislature to the Constituent Assembly. If Mr. Jinnah gives up his present position, viz., that the constitution of Assam should be dictated by simple majority votes of the members elected from Bengal to the Constituent Assembly, which virtually means that the constitution of Assam will be dictated by the Muslim League although Muslims constitute a minority of total population of Assam, then Assam may not have objection to go into the Section C and discuss matters with members from Bengal. It depends on Mr. Jinnah now to bring about a better feeling between Assam and Bengal and also in the whole country. I believe that some day, Mr. Jinnah will be sorry for his unjust and unreasonable demands to bring into his contemplated "little Pakistan" on the eastern frontier of India which he must know he cannot do under any circumstances."

### *Reshuffling Of Portfolios*

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7. (A.P.I.): The following re-distribution of portfolios in the Interim Government will take place when Mr. Asaf Ali vacates his Office, consequent on his appointment to Washington, says a press 'communique'.

Dr. Matthai will take over the portfolio of Transport and Railways, Mr. Rajagopalachari will return to Industries and Supplies, and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will take over the Department of Education.

LEADERS PROCEEDING TO A. I. C. C. MEETING.

# *INDEPENDENCE PARADE IN BURMA*

## *While Leaders Talk In London, People Prepare For Struggle At Home*

RANGOON, January 7, (A.P.I.).

The departure of the Burmese Delegation to London today marked the beginning of a countrywide "Independence Campaign" under the auspices of U Aung San's Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League.

**The strengthening of the "People's Volunteer Corps", the vigorous collection of "Freedom Funds" and mass demonstrations and public meetings for the support of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League policy are the main features of this campaign which will reach its climax next week.**

The purpose of the campaign, according to A.F.P.F.L. officials is to whip up popular enthusiasm in the vital Anglo-Burmese negotiations in London and to "prepare the nation for the coming freedom struggle."

*PREPARATION FOR STRUGGLE*

The A.F.P.F.L. Headquarters have already issued instructions to its branches throughout Burma to observe the week beginning January 10 as the "Independence Week."

**It is understood that this countrywide drive is meant to pave the way for launching any course of action which U Aung San and his supporters might choose if the British Government refused to concede their demands.**

While Government officials, businessmen and politicians are eagerly speculating on the outcome of the London negotiations, the common people in Rangoon and the districts are already talking in terms of "direct action." They believe that this action will be launched in February following U Aung San's return from London.

A large-sized portrait of U Aung San in uniform covered with garlands is displayed under revolutionary banners at street corners in Rangoon. Many people salute the portrait and light candles and incense before it in the Burmese fashion of worship. Others smile at it indulgently and whisper "that is Anti-Fascism in action."

Throughout Burma—in almost every town and village—Aung San's Peoples' Volunteer Organisation Units are reported being drilled and trained for the "freedom struggle."

These men are mainly composed of former members of the Japanese Burma Defence Army and Anti-Japanese Resistance Forces under the command of U Aung San.

Their strength is officially admitted at 30,000, but it is widely regarded as at least double that number They at least double that number wear a field uniform similar to that of British and Indian troops and parade the streets with bamboo sticks and dummyguns, but vast stores of hidden arms and ammunition are said to be at their disposal.

Though other major political parties in Burma also maintain "private armies" labelled volunteers, A.F.P.F.L. "Army" is believed to be the best organised and disciplined.

**Besides the "Peoples Volunteer", the Burmese police and probably junior services in the Government may join the "Freedom Struggle" if it is launched.**

The Burmese Police Union which joined the general strike last September, held a meeting yesterday and passed resolutions supporting the A.F.P.F.L. demands to the British Government, affirming their decision to join the fight for freedom if a call is issued to them.

*AUNG SAN LEAVES FOR LONDON*

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (API.) General Aung San accompanied by his staff left by air this morning for Karachi 'en route' to London. He was seen off at the Willingdon aerodrome by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

KARACHI, Jan. 7 (API.) Major-General Aung San, Vice-President of Burma's Interim Government accompanied by his two Secretaries arrived here at 1/15 p.m. today from Delhi in an I.N.A. plane. He was received at the airport by the Mayor of Karachi Mr. Vishinramda Devenmal and Mr. Lalji Mahrotra. Mr. M. A. Jinnah who is indisposed deputed his Secretary, Mr. Khurshied to receive General Aung San while Mr. N. Faruiqui, Collector of Karachi represented the Government of Sind.

### Delegation Members Leave

CALCUTTA, (A.P.A.): Three members of the six-man Burmese delegation, proceeding to London for talks with the British Government on the invitation of Premier Attlee, passed through Calcutta to-day to Karachi 'en route' to London.

They are Thakin Mya, a Socialist Member of the A.F.P.F.L; U. Tin Tut, an Independent Member of the Burmese Interim Cabinet and U. Thakin Ba Sein, leader of the Dobama Asiayone Party.

The three delegates left for Karachi where they will join U. Aung San, leader of the A.F.P.F.L. and Deputy Chairman of the Burmese Interim Government.

The other two members are expected to leave Rangoon on Thursday. They are the Myochit Party leader, U Saw and U Ba Pe of the A.F.P.F.L.

The party was accompanied by U. Kyaw Wycin, Secretary General of the A.F.P.F.L., Thak Chit, Adviser to the Dobama leader, Thakin Ba Sein, and U. Shwo Baw, I.C.S., Secretary to the Burmese Government and now officiating as the Secretary to the delegation.

### London Arrangements

LONDON, (Reuter): The party of Burmese political leaders, which, headed by U Aung San, Deputy Chairman of the Governor's Executive Council, is coming to London for conversations on Burma's future self-government, is now expected to arrive at the Northolt aerodrome, London, on Thursday evening at approximately 9-00 p. m. G.M.T. (2-30 a. m.

(Continued on page 5)

(STOP PRESS ON PAGE 5)

## *London City And Burmese Demand*

**LONDON, Jan. 7 (UPA): The arrival of the Burmese delegation which will demand independence and not merely dominion status for Burma will attract the close attention of City circles which has fairly substantial direct investments in Burma approximating £50,000,000 as well as an indirect income from the profits on the sales of British goods there and revenue from shipping, insurance, banking and other services.**

**British direct investments in oil—through the Burmah Oil Company—amounts roughly to £16,000,000 while there is another £15,000,000 in mining, £6,000,000 in transport, £5,500,000 in banking and commerce and $3,500,000 in timber.**

**A source opined that the difference between Burma's average exports of £37,000,000 and her imports of £17,000,000—a difference amounting to £20,000,000—represents payments for invisible imports in the form of "services".**

## CONGRESS H.Q. IN DELHI?

NEW DELHI Jan. 7 (API): Mr. Shankerrao Deo and Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretaries of the A.I.C.C., left for Allahabad this evening. It is learnt that efforts are being made to secure accommodation in Delhi to which the entire Congress Secretariat could be transferred from Allahabad. The Congress President Acharya Kripalani is expected to visit Allahabad during the next few days. Mr. Shankerrao Deo is leaving Allahabad for Poona on January 11 and will return to Delhi on January 18. Acharya Jugal Kishore will also be here by the date.

SYDNEY, Jan. 7. (Reuter): Shortage of tinplate will cut supplies of Australian tinned food this year, it was disclosed here today. The country faces 40,000 tons of deficit in tinplate supplies with no prospect of improvement before.

## Jawahar's Vision Of Indo-Soviet Contact And Collaboration

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): The delegation of Russian Scientists, led by Prof. V. P. Volgin, Vice-President of the Academy of Sciences, U.S.S.R., were entertained by the Indian Science Congress this evening at a party at which Prof. Volgin conveyed greetings from the Academy to the Indian Science Congress and in return received from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru assurance and hope of closer Indo-Russian contact in the scientific and diplomatic fields as well as collaboration in many fields of beneficent human activity.

Prof. Volgin spoke in Russian and was interpreted by a woman interpreter while Pandit Nehru first replied in Hindustani and translated himself in English and his speech was later translated into Russian by the same interpreter.

Prof. Volgin said: "It is my great privilege to greet the scientists of India in the name of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. The Academy greatly appreciate the honour of being invited to take part in the session of the Indian Science Congress and express their deep gratitude to the Congress and to Mr. Nehru in particular.

"The names of eminent Indian Scientists are well-known to the Academy of Sciences of the Soviet Union.

We greatly hope that our participation in the work of the Indian Science Congress will contribute a great deal to the strengthening of the scientific bonds cultural intercourse and friendly relations between the peoples of our country and the people of India.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian Science Congress, expressing appreciation of Prof. Volgin's message said "For many years past we have looked with very great interest towards the Soviet Union for many reasons but more especially because of the tremendous achievements of the Soviet Union during the last quarter of a century or so. You are our neighbours and as neighbours we must take interest in each other, we must know each other and develop closer contacts with each other.

"But apart from being neighbours, you have been pioneers in many fields and you have transformed the vast tracts of your country before our eyes with a speed that has astonished humanity. Inevitably, when we want to produce great changes in India, we want to learn from your example. We want to know what you have done and how you have done it. Among the many things that you have done is this tremendous flowering of science in the Soviet Union and the application of that science to the betterment of human beings who live in those vast territories.

"It is our purpose also to better the lot of the millions who live in India and we want to utilise science to that end and we want to learn from you what you have to teach in that respect. So the message you have brought and your coming here has been very welcome to us".

Speaking as Minister for External Affairs, Government of India, he expressed the hope that "In the near future our two countries will be able to exchange Diplomatic Representatives (cheers) and that having done so, the door will be opened for closer contact in many fields of beneficent human activity".

Pandit Nehru requested the Russian Delegation to convey to the Academy of Sciences of the Soviet Union gratitude and thanks for their message "and with that gratitude the hope that this visit of yours will lead to closer understanding between our two countries, more especially between the scientists of these countries".

## INDIA'S INTEREST IN BURMA

### Jawahar Wishes Success To Aung San's Mission

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (API): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued the following statement:—

"During the last five days Delhi has had an eminent visitor. General Aung San came not as a stranger but as an old friend and comrade in common undertakings. He is shouldering a heavy burden of responsibility and All India will wish him success in his enterprise so that our neighbour country, Burma, may realise freedom and independence.

General Aung San is not merely interested in his own country, but also in developing closer relations between India and Burma and in developing closer unity among the nations of Asia. There is thus a great deal in common between our respective viewpoints and we look forward to close co-operation in many fields of activity for the mutual advantage of Burma and India and the development of Inter-Asian relations.

### LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 32.97 |
| Today's Opening | 33.00 |
| Difference | +3 |
| Today's Closing | 32.62 |
| Difference | —35 |

# Pledge Anew To Indian Independence

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): In a resolution on the observance of Independence Day the Congress Working Committee says:

"The next Independence Day is taking place at a moment critical in India's history when the country is on the verge of the independence we have struggled for and yet many obstructions remain and a sense of conflict and struggle pervades the country. The occasion requires a solemn rededication to the cause of freedom with a full realisation of the grave issues that confront the country.

The Working Committee are of opinion that on this occasion the day should be observed with all solemnity and in furtherance of national and constructive activities and the pledge taken individually or in groups, without any speeches being delivered. Processions and public meetings should not be held for this purpose.

The Committee advises Congressmen and Congress Committees accordingly."

The resolution reproduces the independence pledge in an amended form. The main amendment is the omission of the penultimate paragraph relating to "Quit India" resolution.

*TEXT OF PLEDGE*

Following is the text of the pledge:—

"We believe that it is an inalienable right of the Indian people as, of any other people, to have freedom and enjoy the fruits of their toil and have the necessities of life, so that they may have full opportunities of growth. We believe also that if any Government deprives a people of these rights and oppresses them, the people have a further right to alter it or to abolish it. The British Government in India has not only deprived the Indian people of their freedom but has based itself on the exploitation of the masses, and has ruined India economically, politically, culturally and spiritually. We believe, therefore, that India must sever the British connection and attain Purna Swaraj or complete independence.

"We recognise that the most effective way of gaining our freedom is not through violence. India has gained strength and self-reliance and marched a long way to Swaraj following peaceful and legitimate methods, and it is by adhering to these methods that our country will attain independence.

*INDEPENDENCE RESOLVES*

"We pledge ourselves anew to the independence of India and solemnly resolve to carry out non-violently the struggle for freedom till Purna Swaraj is attained.

"We believe that non-violent action in general and preparation for non-violent direct action in particular, require successful working of the Constructive Programme kept before the country by Gandhiji and accepted by the Congress and in particular of Khadi, communal harmony and removal of untouchability. We shall seek every opportunity of spreading goodwill among fellowmen without distinction of caste or creed. We shall endeavour to raise from ignorance and poverty those who have been neglected and to advance in every way the interests of those who are considered to be backward and suppressed. We know that though we are out to destroy the imperialistic system, we have no quarrel with Englishmen, whether officials or non-officials. We know that distinction between the Caste Hindus and Harijans must be abolished, and Hindus have to forget these distinctions in their daily conduct. Such distinctions are a bar to non-violent conduct. Though our religious faith may be different, in our mutual relations we will act as children of Mother India, bound by common nationality and common political and economic interest.

*CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME*

"Charkha and Khadi are an integral part of our constructive programme, for the resuscitation of the seven hundred thousand villages of India and for the removal of the grinding poverty of the masses. We shall, therefore, use for our personal requirements nothing but Khadi, and so far as possible, products of village handicrafts only and endeavour to make others do likewise. We shall also try to work to the best of our ability some item or items of the constructive programme.

"We pay our grateful homage to thousands of our comrades who faced grave hardships, suffered humiliation and sacrificed their life and property in the struggle for freedom. Their sacrifice will always reminded us of the duty never to rest until we have attained our goal.

"This day we pledge ourselves again to a disciplined observance of Congress principles and policies and to keep in readiness to respond to the call of the Congress to carry on if and whenever called upon the struggle for the independence of India."

## MARSHALL BLAMES EXTREMISTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7, (A. P. A.): General George C. Marshall declared today that the salvation of strife-Born China would be the assumption of leadership by Liberals in the Government and minority parties.

In a 1,200-word personal statement President Truman's special envoy in China declared that "sincere efforts to achieve a settlement of the strife between Government and Communist forces" have been frustrated time and again by extremist elements of both sides.

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# AUSTRALIA RETAINS ASHES

## *ENGLAND'S ALL-OUT BID TO PLAY OUT TIME*

## *Washbrook's Faultless Century: Yardley And Rain To Visitors' Rescue*

AUSTRALIA .....365 and 536
ENGLAND ..... 351 and 310 (for seven wickets)

MELBOURNE, January 7, (Reuter): The third Test Match between England and Australia was drawn today, England having scored 310 runs for the loss of seven wickets at close of play. Australia, which has already won the first two Tests, thus retains the "Ashes".

Set with the task of scoring 551 runs today to win the match, England fell right behind the clock against Australia's steady bowling and half the side was out for the addition of 130 runs to the overnight total. After this, for England, it was a question of holding out for a draw. Rain caused repeated short interruptions of play, totalling in all 46 minutes.

**SMALLER CROWD**

There was a tense atmosphere as Lindwall opened to Washbrook on a pitch which remained firm and true and was not expected to give undue help to Australia's bowlers.

The crowd was smaller than the previous day's, numbering only about 12,000. Lindwall employed a defensive field and McCool bowled from the other end to a cordon of four outfielders between backward point and midoff. McCool opened with a maiden over, despite the fact that he tempted Washbrook with full tosses.

Washbrook obviously desiring to re-accustom his eyes to the light played back carefully, while Hutton did likewise to another fulltoss from McCool. McCool's first three overs were all maidens.

Washbrook drove Lindwall to cover where Bradman caused a surprise by misfielding, hoisting the hundred of the innings after it had lasted 135 minutes. Then Washbrook delightfully squarecut the next ball for a three.

Hutton decided the moment was ripe to punish Lindwall, but his intended ondrive flew to the longleg boundary, 11 runs coming from the over. This caused Bradman to use Miller instead of Lindwall when the score was 110 and the latter though bumping some balls never developed a fast pace.

Hutton was alarmingly uncertain against McCool who beat him more than once and Tallon confidently but unsuccessfully appealed against him for a leg before when he was 34.

McCool conceded his first runs today when Washbrook chopped him for a two in his fifth over. Miller who delivered two overs for six runs was replaced by Toshack who bowled left-arm leg theory over the wicket.

Just when it seemed that the batsmen were allowing the bowlers to gain the ascendancy, Washbrook again livened up and welcomed Dooland, who relieved McCool, by taking seven runs in his first over. McCool had bowled six overs for five runs. The first hour produced only 41, then Washbrook cut Dooland to the boundary.

**HUTTON CAUGHT**

The partnership ended at 138 when Hutton, trying a big hit, was spectacularly caught by Bradman running backwards from long-off. Hutton defied the bowling for three hours but was never really convincing.

Edrich was warmingly treated by the crowd and started with a modest single off Toshack, Washbrook having just turned the same bowler to the fine-leg boundary. Bradman gave Toshack a long spell but repeatedly switched the spin bowlers at the other end.

After bowling four overs for 20 runs Dooland was relieved by Johnson at 153. Washbrook late-cut the first ball for a three and completed his first Test century in 193 minutes having hit one six and eight fours. His batting was faultless, apart from a hard chance in the slips to McCool when he was 30. Edrich helped to add 25 runs in 22 minutes before he was out l.b.w. to McCool at 163. He was playing a defensive stroke when the ball struck his pads. Umpire Tallon upheld the appeal by McCool and Tallon.

Compton watched Washbrook play the remaining over before lunch when it seemed that the only course open to England was to play out time. Drizzling rain fell during the interval but ceased before resumption.

**COMPTON RUN OUT**

Thirty thousand people saw Compton, in a lively mood, take a single and two off McCool. Then he drove Johnson for a boundary. When 13, Compton had a narrow escape being nearly stumped off McCool. Compton after batting confidently for 22 minutes was, however, run out at 188. Hesitating before racing back when Washbrook refused a single he was well beaten by Miller's return.

Hammond started showing good form hitting McCool to the leg boundary.

England suffered a quick reverse when play was resumed in poor light after tea. The fifth ball of Lindwall's first over took Hammond's middle and off stumps at 249. Hammond had batted for 77 minutes.

Bedser, promoted in the batting order, joined Yardley and thereafter showers interfered with play. There were short stoppages at 256, 289 and 293, the batsmen on each occasion continuing without appeal in indifferent light and heavy rain until Bradman suggested stoppage.

**RAIN INTERRUPTS PLAY**

Stoppages totalled 46 minutes, which probably robbed Australia of victory. However, Yardley and Bedser made a great fighting stand, which produced 45 runs. Bedser, blended grand defence with judicious hitting until playing back was out leg before at 294. There was great tension with Australia required to take three wickets in 15 minutes for a win.

Bedser had batted fearlessly for an hour. Light again deteriorated and conditions were unpleasant for the next arrival, Evans. He played the two remaining balls from Miller, who bowled to five slips and two short legs and narrowly missed the stumps with the first ball. Lindwall also employed a liberal array of slips and short legs.

Yardley cleverly shielded Evans from Miller's hostile bowling and driving Lindwall's no-ball to the boundary completed his second 50 of the match after hoisting 300. This was the last over which Yardley fittingly survived. He ran to the pavilion, triumphantly carrying the bat and stumps as a souvenir to celebrate England's escape when all seemed lost.

**ENGLAND (2nd Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| Hutton c Bradman b Toshack | 40 |
| Washbrook b Dooland | 112 |
| Edrich l.b.w. b McCool | 13 |
| Compton (run out) | 14 |
| Hammond b Lindwall | 26 |
| Ikin c Hassett b Miller | 5 |
| Yardley (not out) | 53 |
| Bedser l.b.w. b Miller | 25 |
| Evans (not out) | 0 |
| Extras | 22 |
| Total (for 7 wkts.) | 310 |

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 138, 2 for 163, 3 for 186, 4 for 197, 5 for 221, 6 for 249 and 7 for 294.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

| | O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lindwall | 16 | 2 | 59 | 1 |
| Miller | 11 | 0 | 41 | 2 |
| Dooland | 21 | 1 | 84 | 1 |
| Toshack | 16 | 5 | 39 | 1 |
| McCool | 24 | 9 | 41 | 1 |
| Johnson | 12 | 4 | 24 | 0 |

Byes 15, Leg-byes 6 and wide 1—Lindwall).

### *If England Win At Adelaide ....*

MELBOURNE, Jan. 7 (Reuter): The first drawn Test match in Australia for 65 years produced such a tense finish that a timeless Test is never likely to be seen again out here, unless the Control Board reserve the fifth game as is the case this year. If England win at Adelaide then with a difference of wins not greater than one—it would be two to one, with one draw and one to play, in Australia's favour—the last at Sydney will be played out.

## MOVE FOR ASIAN TENNIS TOURNEY

MADRAS, Jan. 7, (A.P.I.): A resolution accepting the proposal to inaugurate an International Tennis Championship for Asia was passed at the annual General Meeting of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association held here yesterday.

It was decided at the meeting that A.I.L.T.A. should press the World Tennis Federation at its forthcoming meeting in Paris in March next for the acceptance of the proposal for inaugurating an Asiatic championship.

The meeting appointed the Davis Cup Selection Committee for 1948 consisting of Messrs. Krishna Prasada, G. Deytmijiva, S. M. Hadi, U. S. Gupta, and T. S. Kakko.

A Ranking Committee for 1947-48 consisting of Messrs. M. Ram Rao, C. Charanajiva, S. M. Hadi, and Krishna Prasad has also been appointed by the Committee.

## REVISION OF CRICKET RULES

### Important Alterations Effected

LONDON, January 7. (Reuter): The M. C. C. in presenting the first complete revision of the Rules of Cricket for 63 years have made no drastic alterations. Rather have the M. C. C. taken pains to remove the present ambiguities and put the laws in their logical sequence.

**The revision of rules which will come into effect in 1948 has necessitated one of the biggest tasks in cricket legislation. The M. C. C. Committee studied a vast number of replies and comments on their proposals for revised laws which were given world-wide circulation in 1945 before preparing the final draft which is to be submitted to a special meeting at Lords on May 7.**

When the expected formality of their adoption has been gone through, copies of the new laws will be despached to cricketing bodies in all parts of the world.

The draft of the new rules published today contains 47 laws, a reduction of 13 on the existing number. They are divided into sections:

(A) Players, Umpires and Scorers;
(B) Implements of the game;
(C) Care and maintenance of the pitch;
(D) Conduct of the game and
(E) Duties of the Umpire.

In the main, the proposals have not changed much from the 1945 suggested revisions, but there are important alterations in the new draft.

### *Selections For Today's Races*

### EN AVANT AND TA'AN WALID POSSESS OUTSTANDING CHANCES

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

The following are my selections for today's races:—

1st Race: 1 Mars, 2 Guljan al Iraq 3 Dhiban.

2nd Race: 1 Uzra Mumtaz, 2 Du Barry, 3 Torrent.

3rd Race: 1 Philita, 2 Royal Express, 3 Bronzewing.

4th Race: 1 Black Diamond, 2 Mardan, 3 Ginger Lady.

5th Race: 1 En Avant, 2 Stars and Stripes, 3 Lady Wavell.

6th Race: 1 Mighty Atom, 2 Lady Primrose, 3 Gipsy Moon.

7th Race: 1 Marcheux, 2 Prem Devi, 3 Pillar to Post.

8th Race: 1 Ta'an Walid, 2 New Jack, 3 King Solomon.

Dark Flukes: Pound Note and Near Image.

### *MADRAS INVITES CEYLON CRICKET TEAM*

COLOMBO, Jan. 6 (API). A Ceylon Cricket team may shortly be leaving for Madras to play against a South India Eleven there.

It is learnt Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Secretary of the Madras Cricket Board, has extended an invitation to the Ceylon Cricket Association President, Mr. T. Sarvanamuttu, for a three-day match commencing from January 25.

Mr. M. K. M. Ismail, Secretary has summoned a meeting of the Ceylon Cricket Association Committee on January 9 to consider this invitation.

*Inter-Collegiate Final*

## ST. XAVIER'S SKITTLED OUT

### Excellent Bowling By Phadkar And Divecha

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

St. Xavier College (First Innings) 70
E. C. and R.I.S. (First Innings) for 7 wickets 154

Some excellent and accurate bowling by Phadkar very ably supported by R. V. Divecha at the other was responsible for the dismissal of St. Xavier College for the poor total of 70 just before lunch. Together the Elphinstone College and the Royal Institute of Science opening bowlers bowled so effectively that, apart from Sharing all the 10 wickets, no third bowler was called upon to relieve either of them.

Small as was their total, the Xavierites were somewhat fortunate in scoring the number of runs they did. A good percentage of them came through snicks.

When it was their turn to bat Nerurkar and later V. P. Pandit helped to pull the Elphinstonians out of a spot which threatened to be quite as nasty.

As matters stand at the moment, last year's losing finalists have a lead of 84 runs with three wickets in tact.

The following are the scores:—

ST. XAVIER COLLEGE (First Innings).

| | |
|---|---|
| B. R. Irani b Phadkar | 0 |
| Abdulla b Phadkar | 0 |
| B. D. Desai b Phadkar | 18 |
| Sarwanamuthi b Divecha | 4 |
| Modi b Divecha | 22 |
| Umrigar b Phadkar | 2 |
| Perumal c Arte b Phadkar | 8 |
| Himmat Singh b Phadkar | 9 |
| K. K. Irani b Phadkar | 0 |
| Chawala b Divecha | 2 |
| Masters not out | 0 |
| Extras | 5 |
| Total | 70 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| D. G. Phadkar | 13.4 | 4 | 23 | 7 |
| R. V. Divecha | 13 | 3 | 42 | 3 |

E.C. & R.I.S. (First Innings.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Arte b Modi | 3 |
| Jhaveri b Perumal | 14 |
| Nerurkar b Abdulla | 56 |
| Phadkar c Desai b Perumal | 0 |
| Kulkarni b Abdulla | 20 |
| V. P. Pandit batting | 38 |
| Divecha b Abdulla | 0 |
| Mashruwala b Abdulla | 3 |
| Pathan batting | 13 |
| Bhatri and Trilokekar to bat | |
| Extras | 7 |
| Total (for 7 wicksts) | 154 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Modi | 4 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| Umrigar | 14 | 4 | 25 | 0 |
| Perumal | 17 | 6 | 36 | 2 |
| B. R. Irani | 4 | 1 | 13 | 0 |
| Abdulla | 19 | 2 | 65 | 4 |

### *RANJI TROPHY FIXTURES*

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7, (API.) The Board of Control for Cricket in India is most anxious that the zonal tournament—which will be regarded as "trials" for selecting the Indian team to Australia—should be played in harmony under the auspices of the Cricket Club of India on the dates suggested by the latter said the Hon Secretary of the Board in a statement today. He added:

"In order to hold the zonal tournament on the dates suggested by the Cricket Club of India the Board have fixed up dates for the various remaining Ranji Trophy matches in all zones and the Board requests all Associations concerned to play all the matches on these days. The final of the Ranji Trophy tournament will be held after the conclusion of the Zonal tournament at Bombay.

"The dates for the various Ranji Trophy matches have been fixed as under:—

South Zone: Mysore vs. Hyderabad, to be played at Hyderabad on 18/1/47 onwards.

West Zone: Kathiawar vs. Gujarat to be played at Rajkot on 10th January onwards (Winners of this match to play Baroda on 17th January onwards. Venue of this match to be fixed mutually by the contesting teams).

West Zone final between Bombay and the winners from the other remaining matches to be played on the 25th January onwards.

North Zone: Delhi vs. Southern Punjab to be played at Delhi from 25th January onwards. (The winners of this match will play N.I.C.A. at Patiala on 30th January onwards).

East Zone: Bengal vs. U. P. at Calcutta on 18th January onwards winners of this match to play Holkar at Indore commencing on 30th January.

Semi Finals: North vs. East and South vs. West will commence on 7th February. The final will be played either on 7th March onwards or on 14th March onwards. The actual dates will be notified later."

### *WHEN BRITAIN EXPECTS ECONOMIC SLUMP*

NEW YORK Jan. 7 (APA): Mr. Patrick Gordon Walker Deputy floor leader for the British Labour Party in the House of Commons, said in an interview here that the British public expects an economic slump in the United States by 1950.

"We are trying to evolve methods inside the international trade organisation to escape some of its consequences", he said.

Speaking of the Labour Government's nationalisation programmes, he cautioned that in most cases—coal particularly — it might perhaps be 10 years before the expected beneficial effects are fully felt.

### *NEW DRUG FOR MALARIA*

MELBOURNE, Jan. 7 (Reuter). The new British drug paludrine is proving remarkably successful in curing malaria, of 3,172 cases treated in Victoria, malaria recurred in only 12 or one-third of one per cent. Similar figures were obtained in other states.

Paludrine was discovered in England and tested in Australia during the latter end of the war.

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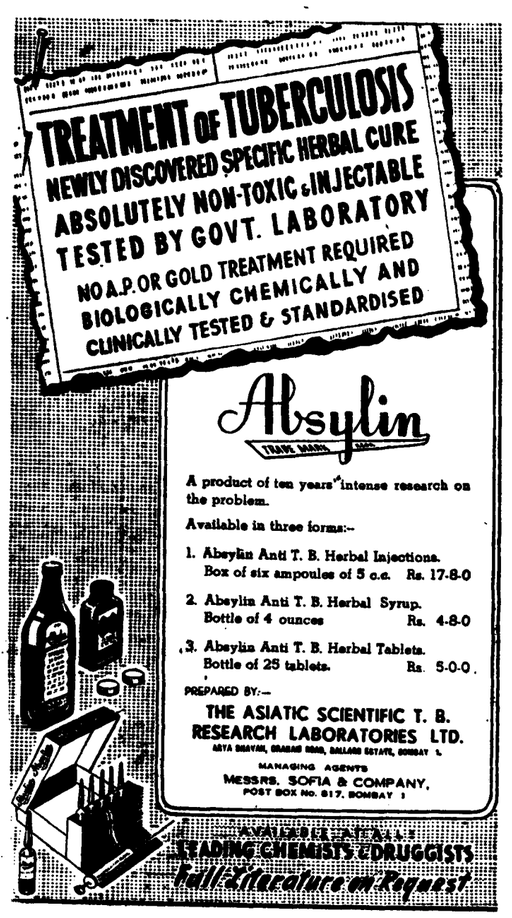
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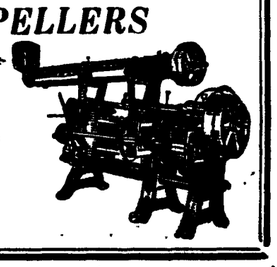

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TIME FOR SUBMISSION OF EXHIBITS EXTENDED. Exhibits to be submitted at the Artistry House, 15, Park Street, from the 6th to the 24th January 1947 between 11 a. m. and 5 p. m.
No restriction regarding submission of exhibits previously displayed in Calcutta.
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News!
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# CITY AND SUBURBS

## To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 1, 2003
Muslim: Satar 14, 1366
Parsi: Amardad 7, 1316
Sunrise: 7-14 a.m. Sunset: 6-17 p.m.
Hightide: 00-53, 12,39 Lowtide: 07-00, 18-44.
Municipal Standing Committee: 1-30 p.m. (B. T.).
Schools Committee: 2-45 p.m. (B.T.)

## Domestic Occurrence

**DEATH**

NADKARNI—Mrs. Gangabai devoted wife of Mr. S. K. Nadkarni and affectionate mother of Mr. M. S. Nadkarni, Income-tax Officer and of Mrs. Indirabai S. Gaitonde expired at 7-30 p.m., on 6th instant. May God bless her virtuous soul.

SETHNA: Hurkisondas Munmohandas Kahandas expired Tuesday 11 p.m. Uthamna Ceremony at 'Sagar Vilas', Sandhurst Bridge, Chowpatty, today at 4 p.m. (B.T.).

## To-day's Engagements

"AT HOME": To Mr. Raghavan, Finance Minister, Azad Hind Government at the Congress House at 5-15 p.m. today.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SUBORDINATE STAFF UNION: Special general Meeting of the Union at 6 p.m. (S.T.) today at MUNICIPAL SPORTS CLUB to review the situation that has developed since 30th December 1946.

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "MAN'S INTUITIVE SELF" is the subject of a talk to be followed by questions and answers at 6-15 p.m. today at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

SRI RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ: Discourse (in Tamil) on "ANBU" (BHAKTI) and "ANBAR" (BHAKTAR) with THIRUNAVUKKARASU NAYANAR CHARITRAM by Sri Suka Brahmam of Madras at 8-30 p.m. today at the Samaj premises.

KERALA UNIFICATION COMMITTEE BOMBAY: Arrangements for the All-India Convention of Keralites residing outside Kerala have been started. The Convention is fixed to be held in Bombay on 8th and 9th of March 1947. Acharya Kripalani and Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit are invited to inaugurate the session. Enquiries are attended to by office at 81, Hindu Colony, Dadar.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL STUDENTS' CONGRESS: Extraordinary meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress at 5-30 p.m. today in the office of the Students' Congress.

INDIAN NEWSPAPERS CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY: Joint meeting of the Executive Committee of the Indian Languages Newspapers Association and the Board of Directors of the Society will be held at 4 p.m. today, at Janmabhoomi Office to consider the newsprint situation and control.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP CHARITY SOCIAL PROCEEDS: The President of the Progressive Group announces that Rs. 4,000 were collected at the Annual Charity Social of the Group held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on 16th. December 1946. These net proceeds will be equally divided among the Harijan Sevak Sangh, the Dr. Moos Memorial Fund and Dr. Bacha Memorial Fund.

MILK POWDER DISTRIBUTION: The distribution of separated milk powder for the next fortnight for the permit holders in Bombay City and the Suburbs has begun from to-day (January 8) and will continue up to January 21, 1947.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: to-day (Wednesday) at 5.30 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall: Wandby Road, Dasturji Bode will deliver a public lecture on "What is Religion? What is the Goal of Religion?"

'G' WARD PEOPLE'S GOODWILL ASSOCIATION: This association has been formed under the presidentship of Rev. P. E. Fernandez with the chief aim of maintaining peace and goodwill among all sections of people resident in Mahim area. Prominent members representing all the principal communities are elected as office-bearers. The association has its Head Quarters at "Palmlands" Mori Road, Mahim.

"BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: A talk by Mr P. S. Seshadri on 'KUYIL' tonight at 8.30 p.m., at Sangham premises."

RECEPTION TO RAGHAVAN: The Bombay Malayalee Conference will give public reception to Mr. N. Raghavan, Finance Minister, Netaji's Azad Hind Government, at Podar College, at 7.30 p.m. today (Wednesday).

MUNSHI TO BROADCAST: Mr. K. M. Munshi will broadcast a talk in English from AIR Bombay on Western influence on Indian political thought' today (Wednesday) at 9.45 p.m.

'IRANIAN CONCERT DAY': Under the joint auspices of 'Iranian Women Working Guild' and 'Iranian Sports Club', there will be an Iranian Concert Day on Saturday, the 11th inst., at Sunderbai Hall, at 5-0 p.m.

## TODAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 8.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Song of Week (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Tabla) 8-45 Gulab Bai (Bijapur) (Bhavgeet and Bhajan) 9-0 Seeta Moolkey.

12-0 p.m. Music 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Variety 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Tabla) 5-15 U. M. Maniar 5-30 Zawar Hussain (Thumri) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Garba Geet 6-30 U. M. Maniar 6-45 Gulab Bai (M) 7-0 Zawar Hussain (Dadra) 7-15 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Tabla) 7-30 Madhusudan Acharya 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Upekshit Nagarik Talk in Marathi by V. M. Kulkarni 8-45 Readings from his own poems by Sapaj Crawford 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Western Influence on India (Indian political thought: Talk by K. M. Munshi) 10-0 Zawar Hussain (Thumri) 10-20 Tarana 10-30 Seeta Moolkey.

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H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda, Shrimant Pratpsinhrao Gaikwad, has become one of the Patrons of the Mahratta Mandir by donating Rs. 35,000. The Mahratta Mandir is an institution which is working for the uplift of the Mahrattas and allied communities from all over Maharashtra in social, economic and educational fields and has collected more than Rs. 8 lacs to that cause with the munificent support of His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior who is the President of the institution.

## BETTER CHARCOAL FOR BOMBAY

### Present Poor Quality Due To Unsettled Conditions In Thana And Kolaba

BOMBAY, Jan. 7 (API): Enquiries in official circles regarding the poor quality of charcoal available in the city show that the matter is being carefully considered by the Government.

On account of the unsettled conditions in Thana and Kolaba Districts, which are the two charcoal producing areas, the production and supply position of this commodity have been adversely affected. The Government is, on this account, carefully watching the situation in case of further serious difficulties in the charcoal trade.

**It was stated that all possible steps were being taken in the meantime to maintain a steady supply of good charcoal.**

## INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

### Tussle Over Election Of Representative On Railway Advisory Committee

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries of the Democratic Group of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, have issued the following statement to the press:—

"The tussle between the different parties in the Indian Merchants' Chamber is assuming very interesting proportions. After the defeat of the candidate put up by the Nationalist Group for the Trusteeship of the Chamber by Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, the Nationalist Group has been spoiling for another fight. They have, now, it appears, decided to put up a candidate of their own for election of the Chamber's representative on the Advisory Committee of the B. B. & C. I. Railway against Mr. R. M. Nanavati, who has been put up by all other Groups in the Chamber. This Nationalist Group which consists of less than 20 people had been dominating the affairs of the Chamber for a long time, but now as many Congressmen have definitely left this Group and joined forces with the Democratic and other Groups of the Chamber, it would appear that the Nationalist Group is heading for another defeat because Mr. Nanavati is being supported by Congress members of the Chamber and also by the Democratic Group and other independent members of the Chamber.

## CONGRESS SEVIKA & KUMARIKA DAL

Mrs. Safia Khan; G.O.C. Congress Sevika and Kumarika Dal writes: On the occasion of 'Independence Day' i.e. 26th January, B.P.C.C. has organised collection for the 'Congress Fund'. Sevikas and Kumarikas will sell wreaths and flowers worth Rs. 25 and Re. 1 respectively which are the token of contributions. Sevikas and Kumarikas will move in the city from Wednesday, the 8th instant, and approach the public. I hope the public will generously donate for this great cause and make the collection a great success.

Sevikas, Kumarikas and Balikas are requested to come to the Dal office today (Wednesday) at any time between 4 and 6.30 p.m.

## VIOLIN-PIANOFORTE RECITAL

Lovers of classical music will not only spend a very pleasant evening but also help a deserving cause by attending a joint Violin and Pianoforte Sonata Recital by Burjor Vacha and Maneck Bhagat at the O. J. Hall, on Tuesday, 14th January, at 6-30 p.m.

The total proceeds of the concert will be given to the Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children for the establishment of an accessory ward-laboratory.

The programme is very interesting and consists of Beethoven's well-known "Spring" Sonata in F. Major, the extremely lyrical Grieg's Sonata in C. Minor and Dvorak's colourful Sonata in F. Major.

Burjor Vacha, F.T.C.L., L.R.S.M., is a budding young violinist of exceptional talent. Having secured the highest marks in India in the L. R. S. M. examination, he was offered a scholarship of £100 by the Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music (London) for higher studies in England.

Dr. Maneck Bhagat, F.T.C.L., L. Mus (London), is a well-known concert pianist of rare gifts and needs no introduction to the music lovers of Bombay.

Tickets are available at S. Rose & Co., Fort.

## WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till Thursday morning: Weather will be mainly dry.

Outlook for further 2 days: Dry weather.

## "Banswara Teachers On Strike"

(From A Correspondent.)

"Banswara State City Schools Teachers are on strike ffrom 3rd January 1947.

## Military Withdrawn From Dahanu

BOMBAY, Jan. 7, (API): Indicative of an improvement in the situation in the Dahanu Taluka, the military detachments which were sent to Dahanu two days ago have been withdrawn.

A Provincial Government spokesman said here this evening that the troops had been despatched to Dahanu merely as a precautionary measure but were returning to their headquarters at Kalyan, by tomorrow.

Mr. Wandekar, Parliamentary Secretary to the Premier, is leaving on an eight day tour of the Taluka tomorrow.

## TRANSFER APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Lokur)

Six transfer applications by Usman Haroon and other praying that their cases arising out of the Bombay riots be transferred from the court of J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, to some other Magistrate came up before the High Court once again on a report made by the Chief Presidency Magistrate pursuant to Their Lordships' orders.

While exonerating the Magistrate of all allegations imputing communal bias or discrimination, Their Lordships had, at the last hearing of the case, stated that they would suggest to the Chief Presidency Magistrate to make arrangements for the proper distribution of work so that these riot cases could be tried with that care and attention which they demanded.

On that the Chief Presidency Magistrate made a report that in order to secure an even and equitable distribution of all cases arising from the present disturbances and their speedy disposal with an attention to details he had resolved to place them for disposal before three courts at the Esplanade Police Court instead of allocating all of them to one special court presided over by Mr. Barot.

In view of this new arrangement which Their Lordships regarded as satisfactory, Their Lordships rejected the contention that though all allegations of communal bias against Mr. Barot had been withdrawn in view of all these proceedings taken by the applicants a reasonable apprehension still remained in their minds that they would not get a proper trial and that therefore their cases should be transferred from the court of Mr. Barot to some other court. In view of the new arrangement made by the Chief Presidency Magistrate Their Lordships were of opinion that transfer of these cases was unnecessary and dismissed the transfer applications.

Mr. M. R. Parpia with Mr S. G. Hussein appeared for the petitioners in five of the applications.

Mr. A. A. Peerbhoy with Mr. E. A. Dalal appeared for the petitioner in one of the cases.

The Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

## Last Minute Efforts At Settlement

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

(Special to "Chronicle.")

A last minute communication between the Naval Headquarters, New Delhi, and the H. M. I. Dockyard Workers' Union, it is understood, has resulted in the postponement of the Dockyard strike due on January 9.

Mr. Daji S. Kambli, Mr. S. Y. Kolhatkar, and Samuel Augustine of the Union left for New Delhi, this evening, to attend a meeting between the Union and the Naval H. Q., scheduled on January 9, to discuss the postponement of the retrenchment of the Dock workers, and implementation of the recommendations of the Dockyard Enquiry Committee.

In view of these developments, it is learnt, the Union has postponed the strike to January 20.

## TRAINING OF OFFICERS AT I.M.A.

The alleged withdrawal of several cadets and the relegation of a number of others at the Indian Military Academy at Dehradun which occasioned a letter of protest to the press by the Vice-Chancellor of the Nagpur University is explained by the Government of India in a press note dated 28, December 1946. It states that out of 127 gentlemen cadets accepted for the first post-war course at the Academy 73 were recommended for commissions, 42 for relegation and only 12 for withdrawal. Quoting from the recent joint appeal to the people of India of the Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sirdar Baldev Singh, Defence Member, in which they said that for a national Army and Navy and Air Force to be officered by the nationals of the country it was essential that those candidates should be of the highest calibre, the press note states that the twelve withdrawals out of 127 cadets which were by no means a high percentage, were ordered only in the cases of candidates not reaching the required standard. As for 'relegation,' the press note states, it only means that the candidates concerned were to be given a further term of training to enable them to reach the required standard for being commissioned.

## Morvi Ruler's Noble Gesture

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Jan. 4.

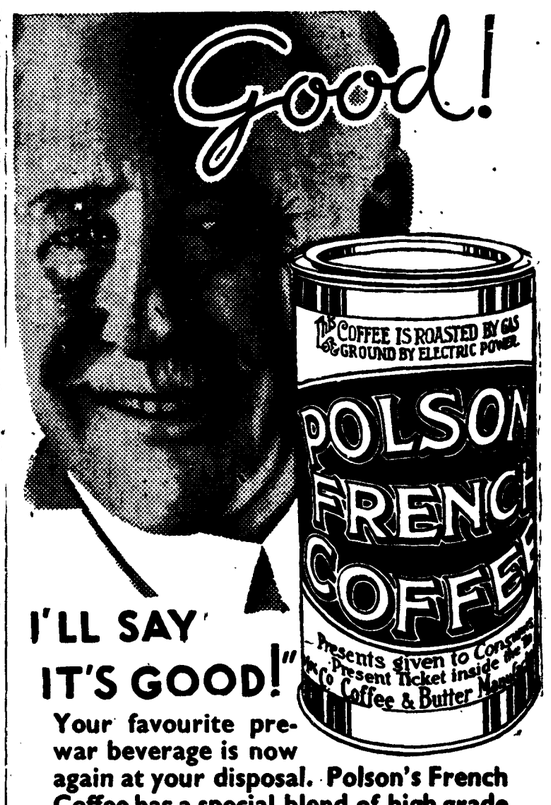
A noble gesture of self-effacement for the benefit of his subjects and an example to other princes was displayed by His Highness the Maharaja of Morvi who declined to have his silver jubilee celebrated by his enthusiastic subjects. His Highness suggested to the deputation that waited on him for this purpose that the funds proposed to be raised for the jubilee had better be utilised for the alleviation of the hardships of his poorer subjects who were badly in need of relief in the prevailing hard times.

## Haj Ship Reaches Karachi

KARACHI, Jan. 7 (API): The pilgrim ship S. S. 'Rizwani' carrying 1,430 pilgrims arrived from Jedah in Karachi today.

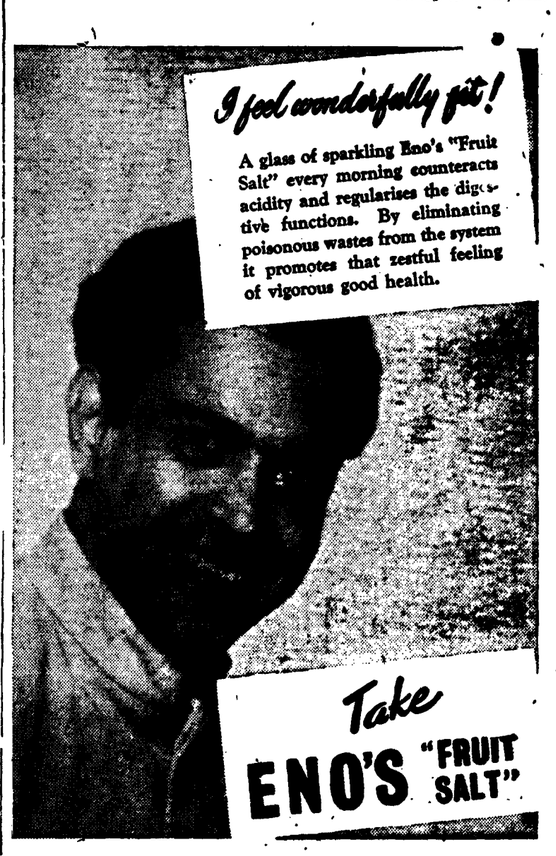
**FOR RELIEF OF BIHAR MUSLIMS**

DAR-ES-SALAM, Jan. 7 (Reuter): Dar-es-Salam Muslims have sent £500 to help Muslims in Bihar province. This was announced in a message sent to the president of the Muslim League, Mr M. A. Jinnah, on his birthday praying for speedy achievement of Pakistan.



I'LL SAY IT'S GOOD!"
Your favourite pre-war beverage is now again at your disposal. Polson's French Coffee has a special blend of high grade imported Chicory recognised for its digestive properties. During the war crops of Chicory in Europe and America were controlled and reserved under essential national food regulations, which deprived India of this excellent preparation. It is yours now.

ORIENTAL
GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Once again the ORIENTAL leads and others follow. The Oriental was the first Life Office to deal generously with Policyholders in Malaya and Burma by offering to revive their Policies which had lapsed due to the Japanese occupation, WITHOUT REQUIRING PAYMENT OF INTEREST ON ARREAR PREMIUMS OR PRODUCTION OF EVIDENCE OF GOOD HEALTH.
LIBERALITY IS THE SECRET OF OUR EVERGROWING POPULARITY
1945 New Business ... ... ... Nearly Rs. 25,38,00,000
Funds ... ... ... ... ... Over Rs. 40,00,00,000
WE HAVE ATTRACTIVE SCHEMES TO MEET EVERY ONE OF YOUR LIFE ASSURANCE NEEDS
Head Office:—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, FORT, BOMBAY.


I feel wonderfully fit!
A glass of sparkling Eno's "Fruit Salt" every morning counteracts acidity and regularises the digestive functions. By eliminating poisonous wastes from the system it promotes that zestful feeling of vigorous good health.
Take
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

## ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Jan. 7, (A.P.I.):

Following is the daily weather chart: Ahmedabad 77 56 0 1.1 plus 0.9 Anmednagar 83 60 0 10.4 plus 9.0 Aurangabad 84 60 0 10.3 plus 9.0 Bangalore 79 63 0 8.6 plus 5.4 Baroda 80 56 0 1.1 Belgaum 85 62 0 6.1 plus 4.1 Bhopal 68 43 0 4.5 plus 3.3 Bhuj 75 48 0 0 minus 0.1 BOMBAY 85 63 0 7.1 plus 6.4 Calcutta 82 62 0 1.8 plus 0.7 Cuttack 84 65 0 3.3 plus 1.4 Delhi 63 42 0 0.5 minus 0.2 Gulbarga 90 52 0 2.0 plus 0.7 Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 65 0 2.5 plus 1.0 Indore 69 46 0 9.3 plus 8.4 Karachi 77 58 0 0 minus 0.3 Lahore 64 38 0 0.9 plus 0.2 Lucknow 65 49 0 2.0 plus 1.3 Madras 79 72 0.6 52 .3 plus 32.8 Mahabieshwar 74 50 0 11.6 plus 9.8 Mysore 81 65 0 7.2 plus 6.1 Nagpur 80 56 0 7.2 plus 6.1 Patna 71 51 0 0.6 minus 0.1 Peshawar 60 35 0 1.5 plus 0.4 Poona 87 59 0 6.5 plus 5.2 Raichur 89 68 0 3.3 plus 2.6 Rajkot 79 49 0 1.1 plus 0.8 Shillong 62 42 0 0.8 minus 1.1 Sholapur 89 63 0 2.4 plus 0.6 Simla 41 29 0 3.7 plus 1.6 Srinagar 43 23 0 5.7 plus 3.4 Surat 88 59 0 7.5 plus 7.1.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

WEATHER SUMMARY FOR TUESDAY: Rainfall has been local in South-East Madras and has occurred at a few stations in Assam, Malabar and the Madras Deccan. Night temperatures have risen in Baluchistan and Sind and are markedly below normal in Rajputana and Central India.

FORECAST UNTIL WEDNESDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be local in South-East Madras and South Malabar and will occur at a few stations in Assam, Bihar the extreme north of the country and in North Baluchistan. Isolated thundershowers are also possible in Gujarat West Central India and the adjoining districts of the West Central Provinces and the north Bombay Deccan.

## A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

*What is wanted is children in pursuit of knowledge, and not knowledge in pursuit of children, cane in hand.*

—Bernard Shaw.

The Bombay Chronicle

## SCIENCE IN INDIA

This year's session of the Indian Science Congress is remarkable for two important features which are not altogether unconnected with each other. In the first place the Congress has met at the very time a new era in Indian history has begun and naturally presages greater achievements in science, and every other sphere of national life. Secondly, the session has been attended by a fairly large number of scientists from foreign countries including Russia and that is clearly a beginning of a much wider and closer cultural contact between India and the world. So far India's achievements in science have not been negligible. Indians like Sir J. C. Bose, Sir C. V. Raman, Prof. J. H. Bhabha and Sir S. S. Bhatnagar, to name only a few, are scientists of international reputation. But it must be conceded that Indians have not yet done justice to their capacity for scientific attainments. That is due to various reasons some of which are obvious. The main reason is the absence of adequate facilities for scientific research of various kinds. Most Universities are too poor to be very helpful in this way and institutions like the Tata Institute of Science can touch but a fringe of the vast field that needs exploration by research scholars Secondly, scientific talent of a high order has not so far been encouraged with adequate financial and other assistance. The root cause, most obviously, is India's long subjection to Britain, who is understandably distrustful of scientific progress in India beyond safe limits. However, the very fact that the subjection is now fast ending encourages the hope of a new era when ample amends for past neglect of scientific research may be speedily expected.

Indeed, a fair beginning has already been made. Under the stress of war needs even the old Government felt the necessity of inaugurating in 1942 the Council of scientific and Industrial Research whose creditable work in the brief space of five years demonstrates how much can be achieved if due facilities can be provided for research. This Council, it is said, has organised and co-ordinated scientific and industrial research in more than 20 different fields; played a noteworthy part in the war effort of the country on the scientific side; instituted over 200 research schemes in the several universities and research institutes; developed about 100 industrial processes of great importance; initiated a comprehensive survey of the raw material and industrial resources of the country; and, above all, has planned seven National Research Laboratories. It has, besides, evolved a comprehensive plan for the organization of scientific research in India in the post-war period. It may be reasonably expected that the new Government will not stint funds for these Laboratories and for other schemes of progress in Science. The Science Congress and all those who value scientific progress will gratefully appreciate the assurance given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his presidential address at the present session of the Congress in the following terms: "Speaking as a member of the Government of India, I may say that we are intensely interested in scientific development in India. We should like to tap all the talent in the country and to give it opportunities for training and growth and service of the community. I should like to assure this Science Congress and our friends who have come from abroad that we want to co-operate with them in every way to advance the cause of peace in the world, peace and progress of humanity."

The reference to the objective of "peace in the world, peace and progress of humanity" was indeed the leading note of Pandit Nehru's address. He pointed out that Science has its destructive as well as its constructive and creative side described the atom-bombing of Hiroshima as horrible beyond words, and repeatedly emphasised the idea that scientists "should think about the way they are often misused and exploited for base ends and should make it clear that they do not want to be so exploited." He fervently appealed to the scientists before him to think ceaselessly how Science can be utilised to promote the true welfare of India, "to become crusaders for a rapid bettering of the 400 millions in India and crusaders of peace in India and the world and international co-operation for peace and progress." We have no doubt Indian scientists will respond worthily to this appeal. But it rests a great deal with Government also to prevent or restrict the destructive use of Science. We feel confident that, while doing everything possible to spread science in the country, Government will also do everything possible to prevent its misuse.

## Frankly Speaking

### Regrettable Resignation

It is regrettable that Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose should have thought fit to resign his membership of the Congress Working Committee. It is any day unfortunate that a leader of Mr. Sarat Bose's worth and influence should deprive the Working Committee of his assistance. It is all the more unfortunate because of the reasons which Mr. Bose has given for taking what appears to us to be a precipitate and unnecessary and even self-contradictory decision. Mr. Bose has himself pointed out in reply to Leftist impatience that "a revolution can only come when Hindus and Muslims unite and when that stage has reached, the British Government will retire without a fight". Then what is the fault of the Working Committee? All that it is trying to do in the resolution to which he objects, is essentially to bring Hindus and Muslims together, an objective which Mr. Bose himself approves of and cherishes. With the views that he holds about the conditions under which alone the British will, or can be made to, quit, his place is in the Working Committee not outside it.

### Patience At End?

Even British patience would appear to have been sorely tried by the so-called Jewish terrorists. The British have been almost cheerfully bearing blows while bravely continuing to serve the cause of Zionism inspite of so many adverse circumstances including the one about that nuisance, the existence of the Arabs to whom Palestine belongs. The British had a right to expect that the "terrorists" would recognise their friendly bona fides and let them work for the good of Zionism in peace. But instead of helping, the terrorists have only been hammering them and their administration. It is natural that the British should be pained by this continued misguided recalcitrance and should reluctantly be forced to do something about it. That "something" is, according to London reports being planned and will be started as soon as Sir Alan Cunningham returns to Palestine. Nothing has been authoritatively revealed yet, but it is interesting to note that the measures which are being referred to in unofficial speculations will apply to both Jews and—the Arabs who have been doing nothing. The heavy hand of the impartial British will fall alike on the guilty and the innocent.

### The Sinister Objective

But let not the Zionists be perturbed. The campaign against terrorism is not intended to prejudice the cause of Zionism. On the contrary, the main purpose is to smoothen the way to the goal, the common objective of Zionism and its friends and patrons, Britain and the United States. The first stage leading to it is the partition plan, the potentialities of which have now been realised by the enthusiastic Americans too. Once this plan is enforced and Palestine dismembered the rest will follow steadily, and, in due course, the Zionist dream will have materialised. The Arabs, however, are alive to the sinister dangers of the partition plan. And we are glad that even though the Arab League has rejected the call of Palestine Arabs to boycott the Palestine Round Table Conference, its representatives will attend it with a full realisation of their obligations to Palestine and, indeed, to themselves and the whole Arab world. It will be their duty to defeat the plan. But that will not be the end of the trouble. In fact, it will mark the beginning of the decisive life and death struggle from which no escape now seems possible for the Arabs.

## BOYCOTT OF IRAQ ELECTIONS

### Decision Of Two Left-wing Parties

BAGHDAD, Jan. 7 (Reuter): The Democratic Union and People's Party—both left-wing—declared here that they will boycott the Iraq general election. Liberal and National Democratic parties will carry on their election campaign, in spite of the withdrawal of their members from Gen. Nuri-es-Said's Cabinet.

**FACTION FIGHT IN MEERUT VILLAGE**

MEERUT, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): Some persons were slightly injured in a fight between two sects of Muslims in a Masjid in village Icholi in Meerut district. Nine persons have been arrested on a charge of rioting.

## SOVIET PLAN FOR "WARLESS AGE"

### Bernard Baruch On How To Realise Ideal

CHARLESTON (South Carolina), Jan. 7. (A.P.A.): Mr. Bernard Baruch, who resigned last week from the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, where he was the American representative, declared last night that Russia's disarmament proposals could lead the world into a "warless age" if they included ironclad enforcement provisions. Baruch gave the following four main requirements for the success of the Russian scheme:

1. The proposals must result in a commission to investigate troops, constabulary and agents permissible in each country.
2. International controls on types of arms allowed to each nation.
3. International inspection without interference and with free access into each country.
4. Swift and sure punishment of violators with no escape by veto or otherwise.

## INDO-U.S. AIR LINK INAUGURATED

### First Plane Leaves New York For Bombay

NEW YORK, Jan. 6, (Reuter): A Trans-World Airlines Skymaster "Tajmahal" which is inaugurating an air service between the United States and India left La Guardia Air Port in New York at 17-32 Hours today after being held up by bad weather overnight. The plane left Washington on Sunday.

40 HOURS TO BOMBAY.

"Tajmahal" which was carrying 29 passengers is scheduled to reach Bombay in 40 hours, 40 minutes from New York. The route being Gander Airport, Newfoundland, Shannon Airport, Eire, Paris, Geneva, Athens, Cairo, Jerusalem and Bahrein in Arabia and Bombay.

The fare is 845 dollars. Among the passengers is Rai Harchara Singh, food technologist for Patiala, who has been studying methods of food processing in the Pacific coast.

He said that Patiala has purchased equipment to install a processing plant capable of turning out 30 tons daily.

Also aboard is Col. Sher Ali Khan, Military Attache who is on a liaison mission to New Delhi.

BHUTA'S PLANS FOR NEW OFFICE BUILDING.

Another passenger is Mr. G. M. Bhuta, Architect for the office standards of the India Government, who has been studying American Architecture for ideas of a new office building. He said that the building would be similar to that of the Radio Corporation of America Laboratories at Camden, New Jersey. The three-storeyed building will cover 300,000 square feet and will cost 400,000 rupees.

**ORCHA STATE SATYAGRAHA SUSPENDED**

JHANSI, Jan. 6 (A.P.I.): The State Congress Satyagraha Committee has decided to suspend for a fortnight the Satyagraha in Orcha State which was launched to enforce their demands for the introduction of responsible Government and the formation of a popular Interim Government according to a message received from Tikamgarh capital of Orcha State.

It is learnt that this sudden turn in the Satyagraha situation in the State followed an interview between the ruler and the Congress representatives, in which the former is reported to have made certain proposals to end the dispute for the consideration of Congressmen.

It is further learnt that a meeting of the Orcha State Congress will be held on January 15 to consider the proposals.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7; (API): Mr. W. G. W. Reid; at present Director; mechanical engineering, Railway Board; will succeed Mr. R. de K. Maynard; C.I.E.; as general manager M. and S.M. Railway; when the latter proceeds on retirement at the end of February; says a press note.

## BRITAIN UNWILLING TO 'QUIT' SUDAN

### *New Proposals Submitted To Egyptian Premier*

CAIRO, Jan. 7; (UPA): Sources close to Premier Nokrashy Pasha said the British Government submitted new proposals during the recent talks between the Egyptian Premier and British Ambassador Sir Ronald Campbell in the course of which the British suggested the immediate signing of the new Anglo-Egyptian Treaty postponing any decision regarding the Sudan until a later date.

Among the "concessions" made by Britain regarding the Sudan are, firstly, greater Egyptian participation in the Sudan government on the basis of the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty which stipulated equal British-Egyptian share in the Sudan administration; secondly, resignation of the Sudan's Governor General, Sir Hubert Huddlestone; whose recent statements irked the Egyptians; and thirdly; extension of the length of service of the Egyptian Grand Cadi in the Sudan whom Huddlestone suggested be replaced by a Sudanese.

**EGYPT TO GO TO U.N.O.**

Egyptian sources close to Nokrashy believe, the Premier will refuse the new terms and insist upon the immediate tackling of the Sudan question as the UNO charter has rendered the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty obsolete. These circles pointed out, however, that Nokrashy and Campbell are still negotiating and believe that Britain may present further proposals as she tries to keep the negotiations going rather than taken to UNO which would worsen her relations with the entire Arab world Britain is reported to be making every effort to at least settle relations with Egypt by signing a treaty dealing with the evacuation of British troops within three years; and also agreeing on a joint Anglo-Egyptian Defence Board for defence of the Suez Canal and the Middle East, and generally leaving the Sudan issue until later.

The Egyptian viewpoint regards that public opinion here demands immediate settlement of the Sudan deadlock before signing the new treaty.

## Plea For Royal Commission To Solve States' Problem

### Rasool Khan Says Princes' Committee For Negotiating With British India Is Weak

BARODA, Jan. 7 (API): The view that unless the States agreed to join the Central Union as well as Sections and Groups, and unless the British Indian and States Negotiating Committees were fully representative, the full fledged Indian Union, envisaged in the Cabinet Mission's scheme, could not be a reality was expressed by Mr. Rasool Khan Pathan, Secretary of the All-India States Muslim League, in an interview here.

Mr. Rasool Khan said that at present both the Negotiating Committees were very weak and the individual parties or States could neglect the decisions arrived at by the present personnel of these Committees.

If the negotiations continued by the present Committees, political situation in the country would not improve, he added.

**PLEA FOR SMALL STATES**

Mr. Rasool Khan said that even if the Muslim League joined the British Indian Negotiating Committee in view of the latest resolution of the A.I.C.C., the Negotiating Committee appointed by the Chamber of Princes would continue to remain weak. The small States had no occasion to express their views in it.

No arbitrary grouping of these small States could be accepted, Mr. Rasool Khan asserted, for neither the people nor the rulers of these States had been consulted. Big States like Baroda, Gwalior, Kashmir and Jaipur could revolt at any moment; as a matter of fact Baroda had threatened to negotiate separately with the British Indian Negotiating Committee.

Mr. Rasool Khan thought that if this position continued, at one stage many States would not care for negotiations to be carried on by the present States Negotiating Committee.

**NO SEPARATE ELECTORATES IN STATES**

Replying to a question regarding the election of States' representatives to the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Rasool Khan said that Princes as well as the people of the States should be represented. But he did not want the present electoral colleges in the States to send representatives to the constitution-making body. In most States in spite of the demand of a section of people, separate electorates did not exist. As such the representatives of the existing electoral bodies could not be real representatives of Sections of the States people. Besides, the elected representatives of British Indian Muslims could not sit with representatives of the States Muslims, who did not enjoy the right of electing their own representatives.

Mr. Rasool Khan feared that an anomalous situation would arrive, if the States had no concern over the decisions of the Group Constitutional Assemblies.

**WANTED ROYAL COMMISSION**

He added: "By leaving out States from Group Constitutional Assemblies the Cabinet Mission's scheme tends to perpetuate British Imperialism in India through the States as States would remain on individual basis".

**Mr. Rasool Khan believed that this question could not be solved by negotiations between British India and States representatives, but only by a Royal Commission including the representatives of the people, Princes and His Majesty's Government, whose findings would be binding on all concerned.**

Mr. Rasool Khan said what has had been remedied after the Cripps scheme in case of the Princes had been continued in case of the States by the Cabinet Mission scheme.

Mr. Rasool Khan hoped that the States would not remain a stumbling block to India's freedom and that "British bayonets would not continue to hold sway over India through the States".

**CENTRAL GOVT. EMPLOYEES' SYMPATHETIC STRIKE**

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7 (API): Members of the Central Government Employees' Union in Calcutta have decided to abstain from work for a day on January 10 in sympathy with clerks and others of the Supply Department (Government of India), Calcutta, who have been on strike since December 17, unless the latter's demands are met in the meanwhile.

The one-day strike, if materialises, will involve about 10,000 employees of the Central Government in the city

## "Divide & Rule" In Malaya

### Azad Hind Minister's Note Of Warning

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Grave fears regarding the status of Indians in Malaya in the light of the British proposals for constitutional changes in the peninsula were expressed by Mr. N. Raghavan, Finance Minister in the Azad Hind Government of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, in an exclusive interview to the "Bombay Chronicle" this evening.

"Indians in this country should take upon themselves at present to watch carefully the new situation in Malaya so that no injustice will be done to their fellow-countrymen who in the past were induced by the Government here as well as in Malaya to emigrate into that country," the former Azad Hind Minister said.

Mr. Raghavan characterised the lot of Indians in Malaya at the present time as "unhappy and unsatisfactory." European magnates in the rubber plantations were following a policy of victimisation "though there are honourable exceptions." Many former members of the Azad Hind institutions had been summarily dismissed by these Europeans.

"The proposals for constitutional changes in Malaya which are now being considered by the Home Government will, I hope, receive very serious consideration by Indians both at home and in Malaya. From the point of view of democratisation, the suggestion fall far short of expectations," Mr. Raghavan observed. "They might satisfy only the 'no-changers' in the Malayan peninsula. The large promises held out during the war and even after the completion of the war were not implemented. The proposals tended towards the creation of an artificial political unity under the aegis of the British Colonial Government as represented by the High Commissioner.

"It does not even attempt to further the growth of a Malayan Nationhood. They have within it all the seeds of division and attempt at the creation of a privileged caste at the expense of others who have settled down in the country for generations and helped in the creation of the present Malaya, thereby entitling themselves to equal treatment with any other class," Mr. Raghavan said.

**PLEA FOR BROTHERHOOD**

The strategy adopted was the usual one of discussing secretly the whole position with only one section of the people and coming to certain conclusions without consulting the others, and leaving the whole matter to be fought out by the various sections in the country. Both Indians and Chinese had yet to be consulted. A large section of Malaya nationalists also has not yet been consulted. It was Mr. Raghavan's hope that there would not be any unnecessary rupture and that the people of Malaya—Malays, Indians and Chinese, would unitedly make a stand to amend the proposals in such a way as to create a common brotherhood and nationality in Malaya, without which he saw no hope for the future.

Mr. Raghavan said: "As far as Indians are concerned the position is peculiar, because those Indians who are at present in Malaya and who are settled down there, were originally invitees into the country who were taken there for the country's development and progress. The qualifications for citizenship indicated in the proposals and the methods by which posals and the methods by which future citizenship can be acquired are particularly unsatisfactory form our view point."

Though emigration for the future is a controversial point, there should not be any divided opinion on the question of safeguarding the rights, interests and status of Indians in Malaya and who were already there, Mr. Raghavan felt.

## AUSTRALIAN BUTCHERS ON STRIKE

SYDNEY, Jan. 7. (Reuter): Retail butchers in Sydney and New Castle, New South Wales, have closed down in protest against the Australian Government's price-fixing policy by which they maintain a price of livestock which exceeds the maximum retail price at which they can sell.

All New Castle butchers closed and of the 1,250 shops in Sydney, only about 120 remained open and were rushed by eager housewives.

Mr. Hamilton Knight, New South Wales Minister of Labour and Industry, announced that if the butchers did not reopen, representations would be made to the Commonwealth Government to take action under National Security Regulations.

Meanwhile, the Butchers Federation said that they will stand firm so as to have the price question settled.

## DEPUTATION TO KHER

BOMBAY, Jan. 7. (A.P.I.): Dissatisfaction at the interim relief declared for Government employees by the Government of Bombay early this month and also at the fact that it is made applicable to those drawing up to Rs. 250 per mensem and who have put in at least two years' service was expressed to the Government by a deputation of the Bombay Government Staff Federation, Bombay, today.

Mr. S. S. Kavalekar, leader of the deputation, told the Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, and others representing the Government that the Federation and its units must be accorded recognition, but the Government is reported to have suggested that prior to this step being taken, the Federation should clarify its position and define its attitude to strikes in general.

Regarding the question of revision of pay scales, the Government is understood to have expressed its intention to await the final recommendations of the Central Pay Commission before giving effect to them.

The Premier has given an assurance on behalf of the Government, it is believed, that every endeavour will be made to absorb the temporary staff in permanent posts whenever possible.

The deputationists, however, made it clear that the notice of strike served by the Federation upon the Government on December 27 last still stood.

Among those present, besides the Premier were Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister and Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister.

## TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

It is understood that Field Marshal Montgomery brought Marshal Vassilevsky a case of Scotch imprinted "Britain delivers the goods".

—Moscow Report.

* * *

"A revolution can only come when Hindus and Muslims unite, and when that stage has reached the British Government will retire without a fight".—Shri Sarat Chandra Bose.

Then why resign from the Working Committee in protest?

* * *

Replying to the A.I.C.C. debate Jawaharlal, who was asked about a particular point of future procedure in the Supplementary State Paper said that the Congress was not going to commit itself at the present moment to any reference to the Federal Court or to any authority.

More trouble in the offing.

* * *

Explaining why, Jawaharlal complained: "We find that everything we say is being twisted and distorted and brought against us in the future".

Did he expect H.M.G. to fail their British genius?

* * *

One of the main pillars on which the British Government rested in India was the Civil Service and that Civil Service, said Jawaharlal, was disappearing before their eyes.

Provided, provided that the Interim Government doesn't disappear before the disappearing Civil Service.

* * *

Remarking that he saw no signs of the British quitting, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan said. "It looks as if the British during their 200 years in India have collected so much that the bedding takes years to pack".

But naturally. Or does he want them to quit sans bag and baggage almost as they came?

* * *

In his letter to President Truman, Mr. Bernard Baruch says: "I see no reason why this country should not continue making atomic bombs at least until ratification of the (atomic control) treaty"—if ever.

Personally, we see no reason why this world should exist at all.

* * *

Urging that the United States should preserve the atomic secrets particularly as to U.S. design, knowledge, engineering and equipment, Mr. Baruch argues: "While science should be free it should not be free to destroy mankind".

Q. E. D., eh?

## Dutch Control Palembang

BATAVIA, Jan. 7. (A.P.A.): A compromise agreement has been reached with the Indonesian Republicans whereby Netherlands forces will continue in sole occupation of Palembang, but the Republican Administration will resume its function, Netherlands authorities said to-day.

A Republican spokesman said that the compromise was a temporary arrangement and that a final settlement would be sought in a joint conference after the Netherlands Commission-General returns.

In compliance with a Netherlands army ultimatum the withdrawal of all armed Indonesian nationalists from Palembang and a 12-mile surrounding area was under way to-day. The local Republican Governor said he had accepted the ultimatum "in order to save the city from destruction."

BRITISH SHIP SUNK.

The British Consulate General announced to-day that he has received and is investigating a report on "an incident in which it is alleged a British ship chartered by Penang merchants was attacked and sunk by Netherland armed forces."

Although the name of the ship has not been announced, a reliable British informant said that it was a small coastal merchantman whose engine had broken down off Sumatra.

He said that the preliminary reports allege that Dutch aircraft and a gunboat sank the ship on December 22, for unknown reasons, and that the crew, who were rescued by Indonesians, have lodged a formal complaint with the British Vice-Consul at Medan.

It is unknown whether there were any casualties.

## JUBILEE PURSE TO MUNSHI

### Glowing Tributes To His Many-Sided Activities In The World Of Literature, Culture And Politics

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The sixtieth birthday of literateur-cum-politician of Gujerat, Mr. K. M. Munshi was celebrated this evening at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan.

Glowing tributes were paid, on the occasion, to the services and achievements of Mr. K. M. Munshi by Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, to Bombay Government. Mr. M. I. Rowji, Mayor of Bombay, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of B.P.C.C., Mr. Dahyabhai V. Patel, Chairman of Municipal Standing Committee, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Sir C. B. Mehta, Rao Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri and many others.

Seth Pranlal Devkaran Nanji, President of Shri Munshi Heerak Mahotsav Samiti paying tributes to Mr. Munshi said that in a span of 20 years he had made immense contributions in the field of literature, politics, social reform, law, education and culture. He was associated with the Bombay University for the last two decades and he was responsible for building up a number of cultural and technical institutions in the Province.

Mr. S. K. Patil President of B.P.C.C. extolling the services of Mr. Munshi remarked that he was an outstanding lawyer, novelist, educationist Congressman and above all a great patriot.

**PURSE PRESENTATION**

A purse of Rs. 1 lakh collected by the Jubilee Committee was presented to Mr. Munshi who has decided to utilise the purse for the establishment of Saraswati Mandir in the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan. A Commemoration Volume on Munshi's art and work was also presented to him.

**"STEEP CLIMB"**

Replying Mr. Munshi said that he had styled his life as a "Steep Climb"—a weak childhood to a tolerably good health at 60; from an eating house coriing Rs. 5 a month, to a comparative luxury; from complete obscurity to some recognition; from inability to express two sentences to about half a hundred volumes in every branch of prose.

"I have ceaselessly fought frustration, despair, inertia. I have fought every philosophy of life which I considered false. I gained success, but I was never happy with it. I made money, but I could not remain satisfied by making it all the time. I was popular in 1930; over a hundred thousand men came to receive me at the Victoria Terminus. I have been unpopular; critics have called me a traitor to the country and to Gandhiji—the one Master whose affection and confidence I have cherished more than most things in the world. My writings have been admired and condemned".

Mr. Munshi added: The Pillar of Fire has led me on in active life, often without my knowing it. Building up a tradition of law and order, the spread of the gospel of Akhand Hindustan, the constructive effort which has culminated in the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, and the little contributions towards restoring India to the free and mighty "Aryavarta" of our dreams, are but the materialisation of an urge, which is not mine but only lent to me. I know not why things have happened so. Day after day I feel, as the old time "Bhaktas" felt, like a monkey's brat: I am lifted by the Mother and carried wherever she wills, and am content to be so carried; and I feel happy and joyous with a strength which is not mine".

### Supply Of Grains For Maha Yajnya

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A deputation consisting of the representatives of the managing committee of the Laksha Chandi Yajnya waited on Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies Government of Bombay, to-day at the Secretariat, to discuss the question of the large quantities of grains, ghee, sugar, etc. involved in the great sacrifice, it is understood.

## *Let Rotary Ideals Guide The World*

BOMBAY, Jan. 7. (A.P.I.): "Rotary stands for freedom and will not truckle to dictators of any kind". Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, said in his new year greetings to the Rotary Club of Bombay. The Prime Minister's message was read out at to-days meeting of the club which was the first held this year. "India has reason to be grateful for many social services promoted by rotarians," he added.

Mr. B. G. Kher said: "On the occasion of this New Year I want to send my warmest greetings to the Rotary Club of Bombay and my sincere good wishes for its welfare and prosperity during the ensuing twelve months.

"The ideals for which Rotary stands are those most needed by the distracted world of to-day: namely a spirit of brotherhood and co-operative effort towards a fuller and freer life for the common man and a broad liberal outlook, which oversteps the rigid barriers of nationalism while preserving all that is best in the culture and traditions of every nation.

"It is selfish nationalism which has led to war in the past, and the fact that Rotary clubs have been suppressed in Totalitarian States, when liberty is extinguished, is in itself a proof that rotary stands for freedom and will not truckle to dictators of any kind.

"In the various countries which Rotary has made its home, the movement has done much to help in the solution of domestic difficulties also, and India has reason to be grateful for many social services promoted by rotarians.

"I trust that this process will continue and expand as time goes on and that the influence of Rotary in the business life of this city and province may increase and redound to the material and moral benefit of all. On the wider stage of the world may Rotary International play its part in helping mankind on the road to a lasting peace".

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): The Viceroy granted an interview to Sir Sultan Ahmed.

## *Motorised Units For Home Guards*

Bombay, Tuesday.

The Home Guard Movement in Bombay City is making headway, according to the latest reports. The recent clarification in respect of the question of one's being able to leave or resign from the organisation on grounds of illness or transfer, and about the Government's intention of training officers from among the ranks of the Home Guards themselves has given a fillip to the interest of young men of all communities.

Police inspectors will, as a rule, give orders through Platoon Commander and do so themselves only when the latter are not handy or close by.

Again, those who possess motor cycles may join the Motorised Units, doing such duties as conveying Home Guards, help or relief parties, rations and mobile canteens for those on duty within the limits of Greater Bombay and every attempt will, as far as possible, be made to assign places of duty to Home Guards near their places of residence.

While uniforms and badges will be supplied by the Government, the question of allowances for incidental expenses while on duty is under careful consideration.

# Assam May Bow To Congress Decision

## *But Will Not Give Up Right To Frame Own Constitution, Says Premier Bardoloi*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Considerations of loyalty to the Congress Organisation are likely to weigh upon the Assam Congress in accepting, even though with extreme reluctance, the lead given by the A.I.C.C. yesterday with regard to the question of grouping of provinces. This was the impression given by Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, Premier of Assam, who arrived in the city this morning, in an interview with pressmen.

### *HIS SENSE OF DISCIPLINE*

"I am a Congressman and I wish to remain a Congressman in future", he said. "I have a sense of discipline which just now prevents me from telling you all that I feel. I must wait a little to do so. Moreover for me to say anything against an organisation to which I belong is not very pleasant. However, I must say that nobody can be happy when one has to sacrifice all that one holds dear in his life".

The Premier of Assam made it clear that Assam would act alone in terms of the resolution adopted by the All-India Congress Committee. He said that by the resolution, the provinces had been given the freedom to decide alone how to act in future contingencies and, now, Assam would take her own decisions.

The Premier said that the attitude taken by members of the Constituent Assembly from Assam was in accordance with the policy enunciated by the Congress High Command. The present policy of the Congress is contrary to the policy it followed till the other day and which the Assam Legislative Assembly had accepted.

NONE SATISFIED.

The acceptance by the Congress of the statement of December 6 of the British Government, Mr. Bardoloi, believed, would not improve matters much since it left the Sikhs, the Frontier Muslims, Assam and even perhaps the Muslim League unsatisfied. He thought that the Muslim League might not join the Constituent Assembly even after this new gesture of the Congress, because Congress had still not unconditionajly accepted the December 6 statement and had given the provinces the freedom to take their own decisions.

Referring to the May 16 statement of the British Government, Mr. Bardoloi said that it was based on the famous Copland Scheme, and he was from the outset very apprehensive about the intentions of the British.

Mr. Bardoloi reiterated the view he had so far held in reference to provincial autonomy. He held that it was the province and the province alone that should frame its Constitution, that provinces would make their own decision with regard to grouping; and that they would cooperate with the Constituent Assembly in framing the Union Constitution.

"What the Muslim League is demanding is just what Assam is demanding", Mr. Bardoloi continuing said, "and if the apprehensions of the League can have any basis, Assam can have greater basis for similar apprehensions".

RELATIONS WITH BENGAL.

To a question whether close cooperation with Bengal would not be in the interests of Assam, the Premier said that Assam was a province with enormous resources and it was now an exploited province and it would not like to be exploited in future by other provinces. However, Co-operation with Bengal was essential in certain matters, as for example trade. (Bengal is at present a market for Assamese timber.) "Assam is willing to Co-operate with Bengal", he said, "but the method by which it is suggested in the December 6 statement is not one of cooperation but of compulsion."

Asked how the Muslim League through a group constitution, could prevent the people of Assam from giving a fair vote on whether or not they wanted to opt out of the group, the Premier of Assam said that under the group constitution, the unity which existed at present in Assam might cease to exist. There were several groups in Assam—hill tribes, people from the plains, Ahoms, and so on—and if they were all given separate electorates there was little chance for the people of Assam to achieve unity in future and opting out of the group would be out of the question.

Mr. Bardoloi said that for ages past, Assam had been politically and culturally a unit. "And now by a stroke of the pen for Assam to be thrown into a group to which she does not desire to go is something which all Assam would strongly resent" he added.

## *Provincial Speakers Confer*

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7. (A.P.I.): The Conference of Presidents and Speakers of Provincial Legislatures met here this morning under the chairmanship of Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, President of the Central Assembly.

It is understood that during the morning session, the conference discussed the evolution of uniform rules of Procedure for all legislatures in India.

### *Moutet For Pondicherry*

PONDICHERRY, Jan. 7 (API): M. Marius Moutet, French Minister for Overseas, is arriving in Pondicherry tonight by special train via Madras.

Monsieur Baron, the Governor of French India, unofficially opened the first extraordinary session of the new Representative Assembly last evening. Advocate Lala Subramanium was unanimously elected temporary President.

## *EIGHT-POWER RACE FOR ANTARCTIC*

### *International Conference To Discuss Rival Claims?*

LONDON, Jan. 7. (Reuter): The eight-power race for the Antarctic, which will continue to develop in the next few months, is expected in well-informed quarters in London to result in the summoning of an international conference later in the year to discuss rival claims, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

It is still not clear whether such a conference would be held directly under the auspices of the United Nations Organisation.

The extent of overlapping claims among the eight nations—the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain; Australia; South Africa; Argentina; Chile and Norway — is now expected to be considerable and New Zealand as a power with possessions in the Antarctic would also be an interested party though its Government is not despatching any fresh expedition. So far the United States, as Dean Acheson, Assistant Secretary of State, made plain on Dec. 27; has made no claims in the Antarctic and admits none.

But this lack of precision may be remedied after the return of Admiral Richard Byrd's United States expedition to Little America in the Bay of Whales.

### *LEAGUE ACTION COMMITTEE TO MEET ON JAN. 19*

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (API.) Mr. Mohammad Ismail Khan, chairman of the Committee of Action, All-India Muslim League, announces that a meeting of the Committee of Action will be held 11 a.m. on Sunday, January 19 at Gul-i-Rana, New Delhi.

Gopinath Bardoloi, Premier of Assam, In Bombay.

## *BURMA DELEGATION UNITED IN NATIONAL DEMAND*

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7 (APA): "Burma and India are one in their struggle for their right to independence. Both want independence and nothing short of it will satisfy them", declared 40 year old Thakin Ba Sein, leader of the Dobama (Burma for Burmans) Party, interviewed at the Dum Dum airport by the "Associated Press of America".

Known as "Gandhi Sein" in his student days for his advocacy of non-cooperation as an effective political weapon, Thakin Ba was Labour and Communications Minister in Dr. Ba Maw's Government.

"The imperative need in Burma", he said, "has been peace and we are united in our demand that the destinies of Burma must be left in the hands of the Burmese".

"How we settle our internal differences", he added, "is nobody else's concern".

"We wish to have the closest relationship with India", he said.

"WE GO AS A TEAM"

U. Thakin Mya, 48 year old Socialist leader of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League, declared: "Freedom of subject countries should be visualised as a whole. Freedom of one country is useless unless its neighbours are also free".

Thakin Mya, comparing the A.F.P.F.L. with the Indian Congress Party, said: "Both represent so many within its viewpoints, but are united in the demand for independence". There is a place, he said in the Party "for everybody who puts country before party and party before self".

"We are all going as a team to face the British Government and demand the birthright which we had sold for a mess of pottage", he declared.

SIMPLE AND STRAIGHT

U. Tin Tut, an independent member of the Burmese Interim Cabinet, was the most optimistic of the delegation. "We have confidence", he said, "in the BONA FIDES of the Labour Government in England".

"Our demands", he added, "are simple and straight and need plain answers. Therefore, the question of what will happen if the mission fails does not arise".

A former member of the Indian Civil Service, Tin Tut resigned from it in April 1946 to enter "politics and journalism". He accompanied U. Saw to England in 1941 and after the arrest of U. Saw joined the Burma Government set up in Simla.

### INDEPENDENCE PARADE IN BURMA

(Continued from page 1)

I.S.T. on Jan. 10). The party is expected to number about 15.

Accommodation is being arranged at Dorchester Hotel in Park Lane and London authorities are now drawing up a tentative programme for the visitors based on a general indication from the leaders themselves of some of the things which, apart from the talks, they would like to do.

# British Decision To Partition Palestine?

LONDON, Jan. 7 (APA): Informed Government sources said today that the British Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, and the Colonial Secretary, Arprinciple that Britain's only hope of setting the Palestine problem was to partition the country into independent Arab and Jewish States.

The sources added that Foreign and Colonial Office exports were drawing up "several variations on the partition theme" for submission to the special Cabinet meeting on Palestine due for Thursday, January 9. The Holy Land High Commissioner, General Sir Alan Cunningham, today conferred with Colonial Office officials on the partition proposals.

The informants said that the partition proposals to be considered would range "somewhere between" the American backed Goldmann plan and a revised version of the semi-federalisation scheme announced by the British Deputy Premier, Herbert Morrison, in the Commons last year.

The Goldmann plan envisaged the creation of a Jewish State within the area recommended for the Jews by the 1937 Peel report plus the strategically vital Negeb desert in Southern Palestine. This would give the Jews approximately 60 per cent of the Holy Land. A revised version of the Morrison plan would give more power to the provinces projected in the original Morrison plan.

In any partition plan, which would be subject to final ratification by the United Nations, Britain would probably reserve at least Jerusalem and Haifa as "neutral" areas, the sources said.

This was because of the sacred shrines in the Holy City and because Haifa was the terminus of the Anglo-Iranian company's oil pipelines. Neutral areas would fall under British trusteeship administration.

## *BRIEF NEWS*

NEW DELHI: January 7; (A.P.I.): The touring Sub-Committee of the National Cadet Corps Organisation, consisting of Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru, Chairman. Lt.-Col Haidar; Dr. G. S. Mahajani; Lt.-Col. Altaf Qadir and Lt.-Col. L. P. Sen; Secretary; left for Calcutta this morning.

SRINAGAR; Jan 7; (UPI): Pandit Shivnarain Fotedar and Pandit Amarnath Kak, nominees of the Kashmiri Pandit Conference for the two Hindu constituencies in Srinagar, have been returned to the State Assembly defeating the Socialist Party candidates.

BAN ON BENGALI PUBLICATION

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7 (U.P.I.): A Gazette Extraordinary announces the forfeiture to His Majesty all copies of the book in Bengali entitled "Bidrohi Rabindranath" (Rebel Rabindranath Tagore) by Mr. Bijoylal Chatterjee under the Press Emergency Powers Act.

## *STOP PRESS*

INDIAN TROOPS IN BURMA

KARACHI, Jan. 7, (A.P.I.): The Indian troops in Burma are expected to be withdrawn before April next.

General Aung San, Vice-President of Burma's Executive Council made this statement while replying to questions by pressmen here this evening.

LONDON TALKS ON PALESTINE

LONDON, Jan. 7, (Reuter): Jewish delegates are most likely to attend the resumed Palestine Conference in London if Britain indicates that she is willing to give genuine consideration to the Zionist plans for an independent Jewish state, Doctor Shertok, Washington Head of the Political Department of the Jewish Agency, told a press conference here today, cables Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

BOMBAY PASSAGE BROKERS

NEW DELHI; Jan. 7; (API): The press note dated the 3rd December, 1946 issued by the Government of India regarding the activities of passage brokers in Bombay; is hereby cancelled and the following press note is issued instead for public information:—

A passage broker's licence is liable to be cancelled by the protector of emigrants; Bombay; for illegal practices and it would greatly help to remove all these causes for complaints; if; whenever an occasion arises; a report is made by an aggrieved passenger to the protector of emigrants; New Custom House; Ballard Estate; Bombay.

CAWNPORE LABOUR SITUATION

CAWNPORE; Jan. 7; (API): The labour situation in Cawnpore remains unchanged. Most of the mills and factories; including the Central Ordnance Depot remained closed and about 70,000 workers are reported to be idle.

24-hour curfew promulgated in Babupurwa and Seesamau area; the storm centre of yesterday's disturbances has been extended till 8 a.m. tomorrow (Wednesday).

FRONTIER GANDHI ENDORSES A.I.C.C. RESOLUTION

PESHAWAR; Jan. 7; (API): "I fully endorse the resolution passed by the A.I.C.C." said Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan in a statement to the A. P. I. he added: "It is my wish that the Constituent Assembly be a success and this can only be possible if all shades of political thought are reflected in the Constituent Assembly."

MANILA; Jan. 7; (APA): A Vietnam communique broadcast by Radio Hanoi has reported 240 French troops killed; 30 wounded and two tanks knocked out in a ten-hour battle in Hanoi on Friday.

## BIG HAUL OF KNIVES

### Sensational Raid By Anti-Corruption Branch

BOMBAY; Tuesday.

A big haul of 8-inch long "kirpan" shaped 400 knives were discovered in a surprise raid made by the Anti-Curruption Branch at a building near the Church Gate station.

It is learnt that the Police recovered four boxes containing 400 knives, which, it is suspected; were meant for export. Some foreigners, it is learnt, are involved in it. No arrest has so far been made but the Police investigation, it is expected; will make some sensational disclosure.

## *Two Killed In Knife Attacks*

BOMBAY, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): "Eleven persons were injured and two died in knife attacks reported on Tuesday", says a communique issued by the Director of Publicity to-night.

The communique adds, "The incidents occurred in Dongri, Nagpada, Maharbowri, Reay Road, Byculla, Lal Baug and Parel areas.

"In all 44 persons were arrested in connection with the attacks in Dongri, Nagpada and Maharbowri areas.

"A cutlery shop was looted in Byculla area and six persons including three women received burns in an acid-throwing incident in Lal Baug area."

KNIFE ATTACK IN ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): A stray case of stabbing was reported on the Leader Road at about 4-30 this evening. The victim, whose condition is reported to be serious, has been admitted into hospital. Additional police guards were immediately rushed to the locality and posted there as a precautionary measure.

## DISTURBANCES IN HAZARA AGAIN

### Bleeding Refugees Cross Into Kashmir State Border

SRINAGAR, Jan. 7 (A.P.I.): Fresh disturbances are reported to have broken out in Thana Balakot Jurisdiction of Hazara District in N.W.F.P.

During the last three days several hundred refugees, some of them injured and bleeding, have crossed into Kashmir State border at Kohala on Srinagar-Rawalpindi Road. The Kashmir Government have sent doctors with medical supplies from Muzaffarabad to provide first aid. Arrangements are being made to provide food and shelter to these refugees. Troops have been sent from Srinagar to Kohala to see that none of the tribal bands who are said to be the chief source of trouble in Hazara District cross into Kashmir territory.

The District Magistrate of Kashmir is proceeding to Kohala to-day.

### Gandhiji Covering Five Miles A Day

CHANDIPUR, (NOAKHALI) Jan. 7, (A.P.A.): During his short stay at Chandipur, Mahatma Gandhi has been walking a longer distance every morning and evening covering about five miles daily. He visited this morning a Hindu house, about one mile from here. Since his arrival here Gandhiji has been taking more and more interest in village reorganisation and constructive work.

# Chagla Tells Story Of British Betrayal

## How India Won Battle Of South Africa At U.N.O.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"India's victory against South Africa at the United Nations Organisation is not only a great moral victory for her, but for the UNO also, because it has justified its existence and inspired confidence among the oppressed peoples of the world", declared Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla this evening, speaking on "India at the UNO" at a public meeting held under the joint auspices of the Freedom Group, the Silverfish Club and the Sanshar Mandal at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. Prof. P. A. Wadia presided.

Mr. Justice Chagla said that it was the first time in the history of the country that a Popular Government had sent a delegation of its own choice to an international conference. In that sense it was a historic delegation. It was representative of all the communities in India. When the Delegation left India, the Muslim League had not come into the Interim Government. But by the time it reached America the Muslim League had entered the Government and the Delegation became representative of the two major political parties in the country.

It was an honour to serve under Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit. By her charm, beauty and ability she literally swept the UNO off its floor.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

**Members of the Delegation had specific instructions from the Government of India that they should consider every question that came up at the UNO only on its merits and participate in the debate and vote on it accordingly.**

"I have heard it said that India aligned herself with the Slav Bloc". It was a fallacious contention. Russia supported the cause of India and the delegation appreciated her support. But is should not be constructed from it that on this ground India voted with Russia on other questions. "We never lost sight of the merits of each case that came up and our delegation decided its course strictly on the basis of merits".

All the nations at the UNO showed great sympathy towards the cause of India and her struggle for freedom. She received tremendous response from them. That showed unmistakably how much India was counted for in the councils of the world.

The Delegation represented to the UNO that South Africa by adopting a policy of racial segregation and discriminatory legislation had violated the very principles and purposes of the United Nations' Charter. Field Marshal Smuts had played a leading part in drafting that Charter and was regarded as one of its architects. How could he then pass legislation which infringed the fundamentals of that document?

SMUTS' INGENUITY

Field-Marshal Smuts realised that the facts were so overwhelming against him that he could not hold his own. So he gave a very ingenious answer. He sought to avail himself of technical and procedural points and said that the policy South Africa had taken was purely a domestic concern. South Africa was a Sovereign State and the U.N.O. had no right to interfere in domestic affairs.

His argument sounded very plausible. Many States were frightened that in future their sovereignty might also be called into question. It was a very clever move.

The Indian Delegation replied that when a Sovereign State became a member of the U.N.O. and agreed to carry out the provisions of its Charter it ceded some of its sovereign rights to that organisation.

IMPLICATIONS OF RESOLUTION

The resolution which the Indian delegation induced the U.N.O. to accept was a big resolution in its implications. It decided, in the first place, that a policy of racial segregation and discriminatory legislation was contrary to the terms of the Charter. In future no Member State of the U.N.O. could pass such legislation without being accused of violating the Charter. Secondly, the resolution established an important precedent that the U.N.O. had jurisdiction to check matters of racial segregation and discriminatory legislation. In future the doors of the U.N.O. would always be open to any such complaint.

India was a country without any resources and was still struggling for her independence. How did she succeed in securing a two-thirds majority at the U.N.O.? All that the Delegation did was to raise this problem to a high moral level. They did not take any narrow legalistic point of view. A moral appeal was made. And it must be said to the lasting credit of the U.N.O. that they gave a great response.

BRITAIN BETRAYS

**It was most unfortunate that England at this crucial period did not support India. The Delegation was told that England would remain neutral. But she did not keep her word and sided with South Africa.**

When the resolution was passed almost all the delegates, even those who had aligned themselves against India, came to the members of the Indian Delegation, shook hands warmly with them and said that though they had officially voted against India, individually they were very happy at her great victory.

The U.N.O. by adopting the two resolutions, one on disarmament and the other with regard to Indians in South Africa, had justified its existence. It foreboded the establishment of an era of justice and peace in the world. In the U.N.O. lay the germs of a World Parliament where questions would be decided not by the force of arms but by reason and arguments.

India in the future had great potentialities in the Councils of the World. It was a very important observation made there. But there were two conditions for it. Firstly, India should be free and secondly, but not less important, that she should settle her domestic differences.

OUR SHAME

**"You have no idea of the shame we had in America when we read of riots and disturbances here. If only our people realise it and get over the differences India can play as big a part in the world as the "Big Five" are playing.**

It is only when one is far off from his country and looks at the problems that face her in the context of world affairs that he realises how petty they are.

"Let us pray that when the next session of the U.N.O. comes India will be a fully free country and a delegation that will be sent then will not suffer from the handicaps from which we suffered and the domestic troubles will have been entirely solved."

## INDIA BACKS VIET-NAM

### Jawahar Asks France To Shed Imperialism

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (API): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in a statement says:—

"In Asia at present there is fierce conflict going on in Indo-China between the French Power and Viet Nam. It is difficult for us to know all the true facts. But one thing is patent that foreign armed forces are trying to crush Viet Nam.

India has always had a high regard for France and for all that that country had represented in the history of the struggle for human freedom. We have also appreciated French culture and the high development of the arts in France. It is our hope to draw closer to France in the political and cultural domains.

**But the attempt of France to crush the spirit of freedom in Indo-China has deeply moved the Indian people who have always stood for the freedom of every part of Asia. Their goodwill for France has been put under a severe strain. Their sympathies inevitably go to the people of Indo-China.**

I trust that the Government and people of France will realise that the action they have undertaken in Indo-China is having and will continue to have far-reaching repercussions injurious to French prestige in Asia. The prestige of France or of any other country is not going to be kept up by force of arms, but by the renunciation of Imperialism and the support of human freedom and progress everywhere. Even a military success may yield barren fruit and leave a legacy of hatred and bitter opposition behind it.

I earnestly trust, therefore, that the French Republic will revert to peaceful methods in Indo-China and show by its own example that it stands for freedom everywhere".

## *SWEDISH CONSUL CALLS ON KHER*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

M. Magnus Hallenborg, Consul-General for Sweden at Bombay, today paid a courtesy call to Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, at the Secretariat.

## RANGOON TRAIN ROBBERY ARRESTS

RANGOON, Jan. 7 (API): Twenty persons were arrested last evening at a place near the scene of the New Year Day train hold-up at Taikkyi on the Rangoon-Prome line, according to unconfirmed reports received here this morning.

The reports added that these men were suspected to have been involved in the train robbery. Three railway officials, who were taken away by the bandits as hostages, are alive and well.

## COCHIN RATINGS REFUSE DUTY

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7 (A. P. I.): A number of junior ratings in H.M.I.S. "Kukri" at Cochin, refused duty yesterday morning, says a Press Note.

An enquiry into the incident is proceeding.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Jan. 7.

A substantial marking up of popular textiles was the feature of today's trading Bangalore woollen improved twenty-five points at Rs. 575 without attracting sellers. Buckinghams were higher at 440 and Cambodia 39 rupees. Laxmi old and new also shot up ten points. Rubbers were dull and teas firm. Amongst banks on substantial support forthcoming Indian Bang fully paid improved thirty points at rupees 465. Elsewhere little interest was displayed. The market closed with a firm undertone.

Following are today's quotations:—

SUGAR AND BREWERIES: Deccan 29 India Sugar 24 Mysore Sugar 67 Travancore 19.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 2/4 Cochin Malabar 13/2 Chembra Peaks 12/10 Devashola 6/4 Frigfords 1/8 High Produce 36/12 Kalpettas 29/4 Kalasa 16/4 Midland 11/12 pullangodes 2/9 Thirumbadi 4 Waterfalls 2/12.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Wool 575 B and C Ordy 440 Cambodia 39 coming Indian bank fully paid improved thirty points at rupees 465. Coimbatore Pioneer 466 Dhanalaxmi 270 Janardhana 71 Khotari Tex 40/6 Lakshmi 266 Lakshmi New 140 Mettur 372 Madura 417/8 Rangavilas 185 Vasantha 390.

MISCELLANEOUS: Ang Cement 119 Brumtons 11 Mysore Chem. and Fert 7/5 Mysore Paper 21/8 Mysore chem. mfrs. 20 Mettur chem. 15/8 Mettur chem. ddis. 5/1.

## D. F. Karaka: Off My Chest

A correspondent wrote to me soon after my valiant effort to contact Mr. Vere on the phone to congratulate him on his C.B.E. which he received in the New Year's Honours List. The correspondent wonders how I could have contacted Mr. Vere on 20105 when Mr. Vere "is actually in England at the moment."

Fancy, doubting my word, eh?

However, just to check up, I dialled 20105 again yesterday morning and believe it or not got straight through the first time.

"Vere speaking", a voice said.

"Is that really you, Mr. Vere?" I asked.

"Yes," he said.

"I am the man who tried to congratulate you on New Year's Day but got cut off just as....hello....hello."

"Hello," said Vere.

"Can you hear me?" I asked. "Hello!"

"What's that you said?"

"I said can you hear me?"

"Vere speaking," he said

"Oh yes. As I was saying...."

"Su bhaw?", said an Indian voice and of course Mr. Vere, C.B.E., was most annoyed.

"Get off the line please," Mr. Vere said. "Can't you see I am talking?"

"Who you?" said the Su-bhaw voice.

"I am the General Manager of Bombay Telephones."

"Don't be funny, Mister," said the Su-bhaw voice.

This made Mr. Vere very angry and he exchanged words with Su-bhaw who insisted that he had as much right to speak on the line as Mr. Vere, because as Su-bhaw pointed out he was also a subscriber and had a telephone on the message rate.

Then Mr. Vere calmed down and told me to ring him again and he would get a clearer line on which we could speak.

I put down the phone and waited for a couple of minutes and dialled 20105 again. I had hardly dialled two of the five numbers when I got the buzzing tone all over again. I tried 292 but couldn't get "complaints" because all numbers starting with "2" were engaged.

So I waited. Maybe, I thought, Mr. Vere might ring me up. After all he had more influence with the Telephone Company than I had.

But nothing happened.

Finally, I sent my servant to the next door flat and asked my neighbours to ask 292 to ring me because I had a complaint. This was quickly done and soon my phone rang and 292's golden voice girl spoke to me. She told me that she had already received several complaints to say my phone was out-of-order and that it would be put right as soon as possible, meanwhile she would try and get 20105 for me.

She tried hard but finally had to accept defeat. The General Manager's phone was also out of order.

"Well there's nothing more you can do, young lady," I told her. "You've done your best."

"But is there anything special you want to say to the General Manager?"

"Well," I said, "I have been trying to congratulate him for days on his C.B.E."

"Why don't you drop him a postcard," she smartly said. "You'll contact him quicker that way."

AUSTRALIAN PROTEST AGAINST U. S. POLICY

CANBERRA, Jan. 7 (Reuter): Strong criticism of United States economic policies was made here to-day by Mr. Latham Withall, Director of the Association of Chambers of Manufacturers. "The world is hypnotised by Washington propaganda," he declared "if it accept unquestioningly the claim that an expending world economy and high employment levels are obtainable by throwing countries wide open to an influx of goods from the wealthiest and most highly industrialised country. Americans evidently want the right to cancel any trade bargain, if the cancellation were in their interest."

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today ruled quiet but steady. The volume of business was moderate. The following are today's final transactions upto 2 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 49/52 102/13 sl three per cent Government paper 103/11 three per cent victory bonds 1957 103/5 sl three per cent loan 70/75 103/14 sl three percent loan 51/54 103/10 (sl).

BANKS: Imperial Bank fully paid 2730 united commercial 117 Reserve Bank 148.

COTTONS: Basanti 16 Benares cotton 11/2 Cawnpore Textiles 13/3 Kesoram 25.

COALS: Baraboni 3/7 Bengal 960 Bharat Colliery 13 Burrakpur 40/8 Central India 14/8 Equitable 75/4 Pench Valley 63/6 Satpukuria and Asansol 5/12 South Karanpur 47/8.

JUTES: Alliance 608 Auckland 520 Barnagore 500 Belvedere 992 Champadany 403 Howrah 130/4 Kamarhatty 1,000 Kankmarrah 830 Kinnison 642 Nuddea 179 Presidency 13/5.

ENGINEERINGS: Jessop and Co. 32/4 Kumardhubi Eng. 12/1 Textile machinery 15.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burmah Corpn. 6/2 Consolidated tin 4/2 Indian copper 4/12 Tavoy tin 3/11 Assam Bengal cement 25 Dalmia cement 17/11 Alkali and chemical 40/4 Exdiv Calcutta Elec. 34/4 Bio 12/8 Calcutta Tramways 37/11 F and C Osler 22/2 Indian aluminium 400 Indian national airways 25/2 Martin Burn 31 National tobacco 61/2 Rohtas Industry 16/10 BB petrol 5/1.

PAPER: Shree Gopal Paper 21/2 Titaghur Paper 64/14 Midnapore Zemindary 149 Assam Saws 10/12.

SUGARS: Bairampore 16/13 Carew and Co. 29/4 Cum Div Cawnpore 45 Champaran 44/8 Rumnugger Cane 28/7 Darbhanga 21/2.

TEAS: Banarhat 1400 Dessai and Parbuttia 520 East India 30/8 Hanteapara 1100 Hasimarah 125/8 Huldibari 52/8 Jutlibari 25/4 Nambarnadi 15/12 New Samanbagh 51/4 Patrakuta 2300 Tungamatee 542.

# Appeasement Has Bad Odour

## Mahatma's Advice To Chandipur Gram Seva Sangh Members On Attitude To Majority Community

CHANDIPUR (Noakhali), Jan. 6 (A.P.I.): "Appeasement has become a word of bad odour. In no case can there be any appeasement at the cost of honour. Real appeasement is to shed all fear and to do what is right at any cost," said Mahatma Gandhi in reply to a question when he met members of the Chandipur-Chandirgaon Gram Seva Sangh. The question put to Gandhiji was: What should the Sangh do to appease the aggressive mentality of the majority community?

Questions were asked after Mahatma Gandhi had heard the Gram Seva Sangh's report which Gandhiji said was businesslike though brief.

In answer to a question whether the refugees should accept monetary assistance from the Government even if it was quite insufficient for the erection of temporary shelter, Mahatma Gandhi said, "Refugees must honestly find out what they need for the least kind of temporary shelter. It their basic requirements are not covered by the proposed Government grants, they should refuse to accept them but should still return to their homes even if it meant no cover over their heads. This has to be done in a spirit of sportsmanship."

Question: In the course of rehabilitation, should the members of the minority community be lodged together in sufficient numbers for the purpose of safety?"

Answer: Such concentration of population is an unthinkable proposition. It would imply that the whole country would be divided into hostile sections, perhaps enjoying a sort of armed peace. The manly thing to do is for every individual, of whatever sect, whether young or old, to deprive protection from one's inner strength which comes from God."

Asked what arrangements for the safety of refugees could be made in view of the fact that miscreants were moving freely in the affected areas, Mahatma Gandhi said: "No place in the world to-day is free from miscreants. So villagers should fall back on their own strength for protection. The strength which will give them lasting protection is the strength of the heart." For those who accepted God as their protector, what did it matter if miscreants roamed about. People should do what was right for them and leave the rest to God, Gandhiji said.

His advice to the refugees was that they should brave all risks and come back home. It did not matter to him, Gandhiji said, if some might suffer in the attempt due to exposure or shortage of supplies but the attempt was still worth making.

**HOW TO EARN LIVING**

Question: If Government and private relief is stopped, what work can we give to the refugees so that they can earn their daily bread?

Answer: Although personally I should be tempted to suggest handspinning as a universal occupation, I would not necessarily do so in the present case. Instead, I would suggest that the workers should find out on the basis of detailed local enquiries what occupation could be undertaken in each village. And when such information is available, I would love to give advice in greater detail. It is certain that the work must be done in co-operation.

Kazi Maulvi Fazlul Haq of Chandirgaon had come several times to Mahatma Gandhi with a request to meet the local Mussalmans, but due to one reason or another he had to postpone the proposed meeting twice. They were finally able to meet on Saturday at Kazirbazar. But the number of Mussalmans actually present was quite small. The Kazi Saheb explained that it was probably due to the common villager's lack of sense of time.

Mahatma Gandhi began his post-prayer speech by stating that the two sister communities had become estranged from one another to-day and he was even looked upon as Enemy No. 1 by some members of the Muslim community. His object in confining himself to Noakhali was to test himself. In all his long life he had never harboured enmity against Muslim community. In fact plenty of the best years of his life had been spent among Muslim friends in South Africa.

Mahatma Gandhi thought that the attendance of both Hindus and Muslims in prayer meetings was dwindling and one day he would be left without anybody to listen to him at all. But he said that even then there would be no reason for him to give up his mission in despair. He would then roam from village to village taking his spinning wheel. With him it was an act of service to God. Such labour undertaken with an unselfish mind would speak for itself among those who were round him. A worker, he proceeded, who travelled from village to village teaching the people how to clean their ponds effectively and teaching them other arts and crafts so as to enrich life of villagers should be able to make villagers long for his company rather than shun him.

**EVACUEES RETURNING**

Continuing Mahatma Gandhi said that news had just reached him that evacuees were now returning in fair numbers and the question of rehabilitation was becoming more and more acute. His advice to the evacuees would be that they should brave all hardships and return home quickly. By means of their own labour they must determine to rebuild their ruined homes as well as their own lives. Government should extend all necessary help and they should be approached by the evacuees. He was aware of the fact that various relief organisations were prepared to help the evacuees with finance and other material assistance. But why should they undertake a task which rightly belonged to the Government set up by the people themselves. If the Government failed to extend it either quickly enough or to a satisfactory extent then it was for them to say so and seek supplementary aid of public charities in order to rehabilitate the people.

But whatever shape these arrangements might take the evacuees must be prepared to return home in the face of all possible dangers and difficulties.

**MAGNITUDE OF TASK IN EAST BENGAL**

CHANDIPUR, (Noakhali), Jan. 6. (A.P.I.): A reference to Bihar and to the reason why he was in East Bengal and not in the other province was made by Mahatma Gandhi in his Prayer speech at Kazibazar, a village about a mile from his Chandipur cottage, where Saturday's prayer meeting was especially held at the request of a leader, Maulvi M. Fazlul Haq.

Manatma Gandhi said it was continually being impressed upon him that his place was no longer in this province but in Bihar where infinitely worse things were alleged to have been taken place. The audience should be aware, Mahatma Gandhi said, that he had all along been in correspondence with the popular Government in Bihar and all influence possible was being exercised by him over that Government from here; but he did not want to leave Noakhali because his task here was of an entirely different order. He had to prove by living among Mussalmans that he was as much their friend as of the Hindu or any other community. This could evidently not be done from a distance or by mere word of mouth.

A Bihar Minister and several responsible officials who had come to him yesterday had placed before him all the facts within their knowledge without any reservation. They had admitted that brutal things had taken place in the course of one fateful week and that they were prepared to bear all justifiable censure passed on that account.

CHARGE AGAINST BIHAR GOVT.

They knew their duty as a responsible Government. The charge of complicity or failure in doing all that was humanly possible was denied by them and they said they were prepared to undergo any ordeal in order to prove their innocence. They had been trying to answer the charges made by the Muslim League against them. Gandhiji said, he would like to assure the audience that he would not rest until he was satisfied personally about the Bihar case and had done all that was humanly possible.

QUORAN DID NOT PREACH HATRED.

Addressing the gathering, Maulvi Kazi Mohammad Fazlul Huq, who had arranged the Prayer Meeting at Kazi Bazar, said it was a matter of shame that an eminent person like Mahatma Gandhi should have to come to Noakhali to bridge the gulf recently created between the Hindus and the Muslims there. The Maulvi Saheb cited a maxim from the Quoran and said that the Quoran did not preach hatred between brother and brother, between community and community or between neighbours. He added that they were not concerned with what the leaders did nor did not do. Politics, he said, was a game of leaders for which poor, innocent people had to pay the price. He asked his co-religionists to help their Hindu brothers in the task of rehabilitation. The Maulvi Saheb concluded by appealing to Gandhiji to establish goodwill between the two communities."

## Inauguration Of Indian Standards Institution

### Dr. John Mathai Presides

NEW DELHI, Jan. 6, (A.P.I.): The importance of prescribing national standards for Indian industrial products was stressed by Dr. John Mathai, Member for Industries and Supplies in the Interim Government, when he presided over the inaugural meeting of the General Council of the Indian Standards Institution in New Delhi today.

The council adopted with slight amendments the memorandum and the rules and regulations proposed by the Government of India for the Indian Standards Institution, a non-official body for evolving national standards. The institution will be managed by a General Council consisting of the Member for Industries and Supplies (President), and 64 representatives of the Central Government Departments, Provinces and States, Research Institutions and Chambers of Commerce. It will haev five sections for textiles, Engineerng, building, Chemical and food and agricultural products, each controlled by a divisional council. The actual preparations of standards will be done by small committees of experts representing the various interests such as the producers, consumers and technical experts.

The intention, at present, is that the Institution should start actively with engineering and textile products and as more experience is gathered and the work of the institution receives the confidence of industrialists and consumers, to extend the activities to other divisions.

Addressing the Council, Dr. Mathai expressed the hope that the benefit of standardisation would not be confined to larger industries but would go far to help the position of medium and small scale industries.

Pointing out that the conditions of India particularly in raw materials and in the general set-up of her industries differ from those of other countries, Dr. Mathai said that the requirements of purchasers of one country differ sometimes in very imoprtant respects from the requirements of purchasers in their countries. It was high time for India to get into line w other industrial countries, 28 of which have their own standards institutions. Dr. Mathai also referred to the founding of the National Physical Laboratory on January 4 and said that the work of the laboratory would be vitally connected with the Indian Standards institution

The Government of India recognised Dr. Mathai observed, that it should take an active part in the formation of this institution and the provision of the resources that follow it. Towards the work or the maintenance of this institution, the Central Governments has sanctioned a lakh of rupees for the unexpired portion of 1946 and two lakhs per annum for the next four years. The response received from the industrialists in the country, he added, has been definitely encouraging. The Institution has now enrolled 131 corporate bodies as sustaining members and eight individual members, whose total contribution would amount to about Rs. 38,000 a year.

The council at its meeting today elected Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur Member, H. E. H. the Nizam's Executive Council and Mr. D. C. Driver, Senior Vice-President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce as its Vice-Presidents. It also elected five members to the Executive Committee and four members to the Finance Committee.

The meeting was attended by representatives of the Central and Provincial Governments, States, the Scientific and Industrial Research Council, tre Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, the Institution of Engineers, the National Institute of Sciences, the Federation of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, the Associated Chamber of Commerce, the Federation of Muslim Chamber of Commerce and the All-India Manufacturers Organisation.

# Total Prohibition Will Cost Eight Crores

## Bombay Govt.'s Elaborate Plan To Bring It About By Stages

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**Details of Total Prohibition proposed to be introduced by the Government of Bombay in the Province were outlined by Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, at a press conference this afternoon.**

**The Minister estimated the total loss of revenue to the Government at about rupees eight crores. He hoped that this loss in revenue would be partly made good by duties on spirits used for medicinal, scientific and sacramental purposes.**

Mr Patil said that the total expenditure involved in the complete enforcement of Prohibition would be Rs. 28,73,000, the main heads of expenditure being increase in the constabulary force, special staff in districts lying on the boundary lines of Indian States, putting into service enough number of motor launches and lorries and setting up of propaganda machinery.

To ensure the complete success of the Prohibition programme, the Government proposed to appoint 12 Chief Excise Inspectors, 27 Inspectors, 46 Assitant Inspectors, 104 Sub-Inspectors, 406 Petty Officers and 2,081 constables. Government would put into service sufficient number of motor lorries and launches throughout the Province, especially in coastal areas and boundaries adjoining Indian States and Portuguese possessions.

The Minister hoped that the Indian States would extend their fullest cooperation to the Government of Bombay to ensure the successful implementation of their programme. He disclosed that the excise administration in some of these States was run by the Provincial Government under mutual agreement with a view to preventing manufacture and smuggling of illicit liquor.

**PROPAGANDA MACHINERY**

The setting up of an adequate propaganda machinery, Mr. Patil proceeded, would involve an expenditure of about Rs. 10 lakhs. The Government would resort to the use of screen, magic lantern lectures, posters, folk songs etc. to educate the public on the evils of drink. The introduction of courses of studies on drink evils in schools and colleges was also contemplated by the Government.

**BY STAGES**

The Minister continuing said that the introduction of Prohibition by stages would give the Government valuable time to prepare the ground financially and administratively and also to adopt legislative measures for its complete success. "These three years will be used to put up a foundation on which the structure of total Prohibition will be erected. The experience gained during these stages will enable the Government to rectify the initial mistakes and adopt adequate measures" he said.

**PROHIBITION BOARDS**

"Government will see that no loophole is left in the legislative measures and that an efficient organisation is set up throughout the Province. Government will also naturally seek the co-operation and assistance of the public". With this end in view Mr. Patil said that they proposed to establish Prohibition Boards and Committees for detecting crimes, propaganda, winning over addicts, etc.

Dealing with the legislative measures that would be taken to ensure the success of the plan, Mr. Patil said that the Abkari Act and the Police Acts would be suitably amended so as to award deterrent punishments to the guilty. "For the first three years, it will not be necessary nor will it be feasible to have a comprehensive Prohibition Act. During this period resort can be had to the present Excise Act for issuing licences, watching the activities of liquor dealers, prosecuting those who infringe the law etc.".

The Minister was, however, of the opinion that the punishment for violation of the law under the existing act was not deterrent enough and so the Government proposed to raise the maximum term of imprisonment from one year to two years and fine from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 2,000. Those who wilfully withhold information regarding illicit manufacture and sale of liquor were also liable for prosecution. Boys of tender age were being used to smuggle liquor and sell illicity and to prevent this nefarious activity, it was proposed that no customer below the age of 21 would be allowed to visit liquor houses.

**NO REFERENDUM**

Asked whether it was not desirable to take a referendum on the introduction of Prohibition to assess popular opinion, Mr. Patil replied that Prohibition was one of the important planks in their programme on which they sought the votes of the electorate. He recalled that the Muslim League also had urged the Government to introduce Prohibition during the last session of the Assembly at Poona.

## HUTHEESINGHS TO TOUR AMERICA

*By Leela Jog*

"The India Government has framed many constructive plans for nation-building. Amongst those they have undertaken schemes similar to the Tennessee Valley Authority scheme in America. The Damodar Valley scheme for Bengal and Bihar, the Mahanadi scheme for Orissa and the Tapti Valley scheme for the Bombay Presidency will mean much to us not only in preventing floods but also famines which are due to the vagaries of the monsoon", observed Mr. G. P. Hutheesing in an interview prior to his departure for America Mr. Hutheesingh has been deputed by the Bombay Government to study the T.V.A. scheme in America.

"I am going to study the administrative side of the T.V.A. You see such schemes involve huge expenditure and as such require able and efficient administration. It is necessary to see if such schemes will be paying in India. In America they are also having a new Missouri Lakes scheme. But that will have a decentralised administration while the T.V.A. has a centralised administration. So it would be much better to make a compositive study of the administration side of these vast schemes."

"After all the prosperity and progress of our country depend mainly upon the conditions of the peasant. He must be assured of adequate water supply in order to make his agricultural activity paying. The draughts and draining of good soil due to floods must be stopped if agriculture is to become more productive. Because of the poor productivity of our agriculture the ratio of food to population in the country gives an impression that we are over populated and cannot feed our people. That leads me to another aspect of my visit to the U.S.A. I intend to study the census methods in the Harvard University if possible. Unless we have real census, no planning is possible. Indian census means only counting of heads. It does not give the essential economic data. The American methods of census are more scientific and advanced and will be helpful to us."

### Krishna's Lecture Tour

Krishna Hutheesingh who is accompanying her husband to U.S.A., has been invited for a coast-to-coast lecture tour by the John Dale Publishing Concern and Lecture Agency. In her talk with me she said she was going to speak on purely cultural subjects.

"Our leaders who go abroad tackle problems of high politics. I want to speak to them about Indian women in ancient as well as modern days. I should like to give them an idea of the day to day life of the common man in India. I feel this understanding between the peoples of these two countries will be very helpful in establishing friendly relations.

"Besides, I have a mind to speak upon the great principle of non-violence. Some how they do not seem to understand it. After the devastation and misery caused by wars, that remains the only way to lasting peace.

"Of course Gandhiji will be pleased to know this", said Krishna as I took her leave, "but I am only sorry because it has not been possible to get Bapu's blessings in person".

They will be hers, of course, without asking.

## KARACHI DOCK WORKERS ON STRIKE

KARACHI, Jan. 7 (API.) About eight ships have been delayed in the Karachi harbour following strike of 2,000 dock workers employed by stevedores. Two of these ships are due to carry rice to South Indian ports. The unloading of wheat to be despatched to New Delhi and other Punjab towns has also been stopped. The strike commenced on Saturday night and the strikers demands include increased wages and raising the strength of labour gangs engaged in loading and unloading of cargoes from ships. The situation is quiet and the labour leaders are trying to bring about a settlement.

## Security Demand On Communist Paper

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7, (API): The Government of Bengal have demanded a security deposit of Rs. 2,000 from "Swadhinata", a Communist vernacular daily of Calcutta for publishing an allegedly objectionable article on the Indian Army in its issue of November 24 last. The particular issue of the paper in which the article was published has been confiscated.

# Plea For "School Town" For City's Secondary Pupils

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS TEN CRORE FIVE-YEAR PLAN

### Enhance Entertainment Tax And Urge Central Govt. To Help Meet Cost, Says Report

**The report of the Physical Education Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay has been just released for publication. The Committee, with Swami Kuvalayanand as the Chairman and several eminent educationists and workers in the field of Physical Education as members, was appointed in 1945.**

**After making a searching study of the conditions prevailing in the Province and elsewhere the Committee has made far reaching recommendations which, if implemented, the Committee hopes, will improve the health, welfare and moral tone of the people of the Province.**

One of the points on which a great deal of emphasis is placed by the Committee is the need for well-qualified leaders under whose guidance and control the scheme can be organised and popularised. It is pointed out how in America, Germany, etc., Physical Education is imparted in special institutions, the courses covering a period of three or more years, and the Committee makes a plea that Government should start a similar college of Physical Education and that the University should institute a degree in the subject. To co-ordinate academic education with Physical Education and to utilise the latter not only to build big muscles but also to instil in the growing generation qualities of personal and civic virtues, the Committee wants leaders who are well-educated and highly qualified. A four-year-course, after matriculation, with cultural, scientific and technical studies is outlined. A special branch for training of recreation leaders with a knowledge of labour and labour problems is also included. It is emphatically pointed out that to get young men and women of ability and promise to take up this career attractive salaries and conditions of service must be offered. So far the drill-teacher or the P.T. Instructor has been treated as the under-dog of the teaching profession and rarely were intelligent and educated people attracted to this profession This must now change.

Physical Education in schools, the Committee observes, is not working satisfactorily. Some of the reasons for this pointed out are—an overcrowded academic curriculam, apathy of parents and teachers, inadequate play-grounds and poor finances made available for this important activity. Constructive recommendations are made to improve the position. The deplorable neglect of Physical Education by pupils, teachers and parents it is pointed out may be corrected by making Physical Education an examination subject.

A minimum of three acres of playgrounds for a school with an enrolment upto 250 pupils is recommended. It is urged that Government must preserve open spaces in towns and cities for play grounds and also help private institutions to procure playgrounds by instituting land acquisition proceedings where necessary.

**PLEA FOR SCHOOL TOWN**

The Committee makes a novel but pregnant suggestion regarding playgrounds for the secondary schools in Bombay City.

**The suggestion is made that a School Town with an area of one or two thousand acres in a nearby suburb of Bombay should be developed to which all the Secondary schools in the City should be shifted in the course of about ten years.**

Well-planned buildings, ample play grounds, common facilities such as stadii, swimming pools, library, etc., are to be developed in this Town, where, "education will take place in an environment that is planned for it".

The Committee points out that the school buildings vacated by the Secondary schools shifting to the school town can be used for housing primary schools, which are needed in ever increasing numbers, if the ideal of Universal primary education is to be realised.

**WAYS AND MEANS**

The Committee recommends an enhanced rate of Games or physical education fees and a payment of fifty per cent grant-in-aid by Government towards physical education expenses.

The Committee discussed the deplorable state of health and nutrition among the school children and the utter lack of medical examination and medical-aid. The instituting of a School Medical Service with doctors, nurses and almoners and the starting of common school clinices—fixed and moving—are recommended. Provision of milk and meals in schools for all children—free in the case of poor children and on payment in part or full in the case or well-to-do children—is urged. The cost to Government for feeding the children is calculated to rise up to rupees 3 crores per annum in the course of five years. Feeding of children is a national necessity even more than an educational need. A way, therefore, must be found to meet this expenditure.

The Committee says that for every one child who attends school and perhaps gets the benefit of the school physical education there are four who do not get this.

Local bodies, volunteer agencies and industrial employers are to be encouraged to start and maintain physical culture centres. Government should provide technical guidance, supervision and suitable financial assistance. "In other countries provision for public recreation is an accepted responsibility of the State.

The Committee recommends that a Board of Physical Education should be established to advise Government on all matters concerning Physical Education, to undertake intensive propaganda to popularise Physical Education and till a department of recreation is brought into existance, to organise promote control recreation for the public.

The total cost to Government, during the first five years, to implement the recommendation is given as Rs. Ten Crores. Thereafter it is to nually—about three crores of which will be required for the provision of nutrition to school children.

To meet the huge expenditure the Committee is of the opinion that the Entertainment tax should be enhanced substantially and the whole proceeds from it should be utilised for physical education and recreation. The Committee also suggest that the Central Government should be induced to pay to the Province a regular grant for physical education and recreation.

# U. S. Arming In Japan

### Russia Closely Watching Strategic Moves In East

**TOKYO, January 7. (A.P.A.): With U. S. officers privately admitting that military eyes are turned on Russia, extensive semi-military improvements at installations in Japan are already completed.**

The Yokohama naval base, Japan's largest, and a key network of airfields have been placed in first class condition by U. S. military authorities who are engaged in constant training programmes to utilise them.

Some of the improvements appear to be made with a view to more extensive needs than occupation duties require. One airfield near Tokyo could accommodate Super-fortresses with room to spare.

Information on military improvements is closely guarded, but Russia is known to be interested in developments.

Japan has become a strategic base that could block any Russian advance southward into China or eastward across the Pacific.

The recent proposal of Representative Bishop (Republican, Illinois) for a permanent U. S. air and naval base in Japan seems to underline the purpose of improvements already completed.

Top U. S. military officers decline to comment but it is beyond question that Mr. Bishop's proposal coincides with the private opinions of many.

## ECHO OF ADAS FIRING

### Three Constables Get Life Sentence & Four Three Years' R. I.

NADIAD, (By Mail).

The well-known case of the firing of innocent college boys at ADAS station by police on 18th August, 1942, has ended when the Sessions Judge of Kaira District Mr. Deodhar delivered his judgment at Nadiad.

The learned judge convicted all the seven accused police, constables under different sections and sentenced three of them for transportation for life and the remaining four to three years R.I.

The prosecution was conducted by a specially appointed public prosecutor Mr. Motilal Vin of Broach and the accused were defended by Mr. K. F. Nariman of Bombay.

## AIR ATTEMPT ON EVEREST

### Ex-R. A. F. Officer's Plan For 1949 Or '50

DARWIN, Jan. 7 (Reuter): Group Capt. A. F. Bandit, Australian former Royal Air Force officer, who yesterday completed the first post-war Britain-Australia solo flight, said today that he had discussed his proposed ascent o Mount Everest while he was in India.

He hoped to lead the assault on the peak in 1949 or 1950, he said.

The possibility of landing by aircraft at a 16,000 foot-level would be investigated and if it was possible a base camp would be established at this level and supplies to it would be maintained by air. This plan would require the permission of the Tibetan Government for planes to operate over Tibet.

## TEXTILE MACHINERY FOR MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 6 (API): The Government of India do not propose to cancel the licences issued by them for the import of textile machinery into Madras

This is revealed in a communication addressed by the Department of Industries and Supplies Government of India, to the Southern India Chamber of Commerce.

It will be recalled the proposed Textile Policy of the Madras Government does not envisage the import of textile machinery for starting new mill enterprise in the Province.

## Five Killed In Clash With Greek Partisans

ATHENS, Jan. (Reuter): During a clash between Partisans and Government forces, which lasted throughout the night, one soldier, one gendarme and three guerrillas were killed two gendarmes, two soldiers and six guerrillas wounded and one officer and five soldiers are missing.

The clash which is reported today took place south of Larissa in Thessaly.

Guerrillas have also made a new attack in the suburbs of Lamia, also in Thessaly. Under cover of a snowstorm, they were driven off after a battle lasting eight hours. Before being defeated, the guerrillas damaged a bridge leading into the town.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BENGAL PAPER MILL CO., LTD.
MANAGING AGENTS:
Balmer Lawrie & Co., Ltd.
103, CLIVE STREET, CALCUTTA
Agents: THE INDIAN PAPER SALES ASSOCIATION.
Post Office Box No. 916, BOMBAY.

# Sharp Rise In Central Bank Shares On Stock Exchange

## TIRED LIQUIDATION DEPRESSES COTTON PRICES

### Silver Declines On Realising Sales But Gold Rules Steady

Bombay, Jan. 7

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady with scattered buying in active shares but Central Bank, India Bank, Wimco and Gokaks figured prominently under active selective buying with sharp improvement in quotations. Tata Steel and Bombay Dyeings found scattered buying. Professional operators were paying more attention to side lines where scarcity of offerings was noticeable.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2835 and after improving at Rs. 2850 steadied at Rs. 2845. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 506 and after advancing at Rs. 511 steadied at Rs. 510. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 3055 and after declining at Rs. 3040 improved at Rs. 3057 Kohinoors opened at Rs. 930 and hardened at Rs. 938. Gokaks opened at Rs. 368 and after advancing at Rs. 380 steadied at Rs 377. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 446 and improved at Rs. 453. Central Bank shares opened at Rs. 134 and rose to Rs. 143 while Baroda Bank shares were done at Rs. 197. Wimco shares opened at Rs. 710 and after advancing at Rs. 730 reacted at Rs. 700.

Towards the close there was some realising and Tata Steel Defds quietened at Rs. 2820. Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 507. Bombay Dyeings declined at Rs. 2990 and Kohinoors declined at Rs. 922. Gokaks were steady at Rs. 380 while Simplex shares were done at Rs. 450. Tone of the market was quiet.

As a result of days working Tata Steel Defds. gained Rs. 15 Ordinary Rs. 4 Kohinoor Rs. 9 Nagpur Rs. 2/8 Simplex Rs. 9 New Great Rs. 20 Edward Rs. 57/8 Indore Rs. 7/8 while Bombay Dyeings lost Rs. 70 and Swadesh Rs. 6.

MILL SHARES

B. Dyeing 2990 Century 1100 Nagpur 415 Swadeshi 763 New Great 595 Simplex 445 Kohinoor 922 Colaba 350 Gokak 376 Phoenix 1300 Mysore 330 I. Bleaching 205 Swan 455 Finlay 399 Morarji 852/8 Indore 802/8 Edward 790 Meyer 267/8.

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8.9) 2820 Tata Steel Ord. 506/8.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 210 Andhra Valley 1830. Tata Power 1916/4 Tram 127.

CEMENT

Asso. Merger 229/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 692/8 Alcock 535 Belapur 343 Shivrajpur 49 Steamer (Ord.) 747/8 Scindia 46/6 Premier Construction 291.

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE)

Apollo 5/2 Elphinstone 107 India United (Ord.) 20/2 India United (Defd.) 4/6 India Manufacturing 4525 Koorla 341/4 Khatau 407/8 Dawn 1400 David 180 New City 287/8 Minerva 300 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Defd.) 8/6 Bharat 65/8 Madhavji 23 Model 282/8 Laxmi 1897/8 Vishnu 705 Western 4500 Standard 600 Sholapur 8200 Sassoon Cotton 27/4 Hindustan 4900 Tata 136 Ahmedabad Advance 530 Sassoon Silk 109 New 27/4 Poddar 490 Madhusudan 590 Madhusudan B. 110 Srinivas 525 Raja Bahadur 145 Berar 500 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 193/2. (New) 121/4 Surat (Old) 243/12 New Pre. 211/4 Karachi 240 Broach 13 Ajmer 15/2 Amalgamated 20/4 Jalgoan 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 260 Bombay Suburban 215 Bombay Suburban (New) 160

BANK SHARES

Reserve 147/8 Imperial 2815 P. P. 700 Central 141 Indian 268 United 16/9 Baroda 195 Habib 196 International 45 A. B. C. 58 Dena Bank 70 United Commercial 124 Jaipur 78 Bikaner 33 Hindustan Com. 61/8 National Savings (fully paid) 82 (Part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord.) X R. 72 Eastern 112 Bombay Provincial 85.

INSURANCE

Orinental 7200 Empire 1075 New Ind 101/8 Jupiter 43 Vulcan 18/12 Indian Mercantile 73/8 Diversal Fire 20 Vasant 26/4 British India General 28/8 Industrial Prudential 61/12 Neptune 13/6 New Great 43 All-India General 40/8.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 680 C. P. 108/4 Pachora 95 Mandra Bhon 116.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 247/8 Burma Petrol 5/4/6 Tata Oil 114 Mackenzie 197/8 Port Canning 105 Kemp 550 Zandu Pharmacy 202 Indian Radio (Ord.) 377/4 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 126 Wimco 700 Tata Chemical 19 Dharamsey Chemical 43/8 Mukund Iron 15/10 Dena Trust 25 Alembic 397/8 Supreme India 228 (New) 180 Jamwire 141/8 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchand Nagar Industries X D 457/8 United Motor 66 A. C. C. New 106/8 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 242/8 Tata Steel (2nd Pref.) 176/8 Tram 59 Andhra Valley 1425 Tata Power 1525 Hydro 145 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 787/8 Swadeshi 165 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 312/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 137/8 Bradbury 553/12 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12 (2nd Pref). 137 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 143 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Jan. 7.

TEXTILES.

Apollo 5/2/6 5/1/6 5/2/6 5/2 5/2/6 5/2
Bharat 67 65/8
B. Dyeing 3060 40 55 10 25 2885 90
Bradbury 610 30
C. India 416 15 16/8 16 20 15
Colaba 350
E. Textiles 770 65 815 780 90
Elphinstone (Ord.) 107 6 7
Elphinstone (Pref.) 137/8
Finlay 388 87 91 402 398 409 5 7 398 402 399
Gokak 370 74 71 82 78 81 75 76
I. U. (Defd.) 4/6/6 4/5 4/7 4/6
I. U. (Ord.) 20/4 20/3 20/14 20/2
Indore 803/12 795 800 797/8 810 800 802/8
Khatau 400 7/8
Kohinoor 929 32 26 28 25 28 26 39 34 39 34 36 22
Madhowji (Defd.) 23
Madnusudan 592/8 85 600 590
Meyer 265 68/12 67/8 70 67/8
Model 277/8 82/8
Morarji 852/8
New City 295 300
New Great 600 595 98 96 611 595
Podar 415 20 17/8 22/8 20
Sassoon Silk 109
Simplex 442 41 56 51 53 45
Swadeshi 773 69 73 66 80 63
Swan 447 53 51 60 55
Tata Mills 141 36/8 38 36 37 36
Vishnu 707/8 5

BANKS.

Baroda 195 200 194 95
Central 131 135 33 44 41/4
Habib 198
Imperial (Old) 2790 2800 2790 2850 15
Imperial (New) 695 700
India 271 72 70 71 66
Reserve 149 47/8
Union 15 16 15/2 15/9
U. Commercial 122 24

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad 195 93/2
Andhra Valley (Ord.) 1845 32/8 35 27/8 30
B. Tram (Ord.) 126/8 27/8 27 28 26/8 27
B. Tram (Pref.) 59
Tata Hydro (Ord.) 210 11/8 9/8 10
Tata Power (Ord.) 1927/8 32/8 20 22/8 13/12 16/4

INSURANCE COS.

I. Mercantile 72 73/8 72
New India 105 14 12/8 15 13

STEAM COS.

B. Steam 750 52/8 47/8
Scindhia 46 46/4 46/1 46/14 46/6

STEEL COS.

B. Steel 38/10 38/12 38/10 38/13 38/8
I. Iron 46/12 46/10 47 46/10
Tata (Defd.) 2840 45 35 40 25 37/8 35 52/8 42/8 55 27/8 37/8 27/8 35 27/8 31/4 20
Tata (Ord.) 506 9 6 11/8 9/8 12 7/8 8 6/8
Tata (2nd Pref.) 177 76/8

MISCELLANEOUS COS.

Alcock 582/8 85 83/12 85
A. C. C. (Old) 229/8 29/4 29/8 28/8 30 29/8
A. C. C. (New) 107 6 7 6
Belapur 342 39 43 42 44 43
B. B. (Old) 702/8 695 97/8 92/8
B. B. Petrol 5/2 5/4/6
I. Bleaching 203 5
Port Canning 105
P. Construction 285 88 86 94 90 92 91
Shivrajpur 48 49
Tata Chemical 18/12 18/14 18/12 19
Tata Oil 110 11/8 10/8 15 13/4 14
Wimco 720 35 695 710 700
C. P. Rly 108/4 (ex div.)

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 46/10 Bengal Steel 38/8 Indian Copper 4/11 B. I. C. 11/14 Burma Corporation 6/2 (New) Victory 8/14 New Victoria Preference 9/12 Raja 51 Phalton 152 Gold Mohar 450 New Kaiseree Hind 510 Sajjan 400 Osmanshahi 430 Ajam Shahi 435 Air Services 22 Birla Motors 10/5 Marshall 11/4 Raza Textile 51 Met. tur Chem. 17 India Steam 17 Trab-Fert 12.

## PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 7

The Produce market was quiet with easier advices from Ahmedabad where Calcutta operators are liquidating their purchases. Groundnut Oil control came into force to-day but nominal rate of oil was Rs. 14/8. Castorseeds May delivery opened to-day at Rs. 115/6 and improved at Rs. 115/8 but later declined at Rs. 114/10. Thereafter the market declined at Rs. 114/1 and closed at Rs. 114/2.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Groundnuts:— | | | |
| December-January | Rs. | 21 | 2 6 |
| January-March | | 21 | 2 6 |
| Khandesh Ready | | 22 | 0 0 |
| Coromandal | | 21 | 6 0 |
| Bold | | 21 | 0 0 |
| Linseeds:— | | | |
| Ready | | 26 | 8 0 |
| February-March | | 24 | 12 0 |
| Tilseeds::— | | | |
| December-January | | 35 | 12 0 |
| Ready | | 42 | 0 0 |
| Castorseeds:— | | | |
| Navlakhi Ready | | 25 | 12 0 |
| December-January | Navlakhi | 24 | 8 0 |
| Goa Delivery | | 25 | 6 0 |
| Bombay Delivery | | 25 | 0 0 |
| May Delivery | | 114 | 2 0 |
| Groundnuts Oil:— | | | |
| Bombay Mills | | 12 | 14 0 |
| Linseed Oil | | 18 | 4 0 |
| Cottonseed Oil | | 15 | 14 0 |

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 7

The Cotton market was quietly steady with a restricted turnover. The market still believes that the Government will make upward revision of ceiling prices and allow increased support. However there is a marked absence of any important buying. So far 10,000 bales are tendered against January contract and even at present prices there seems less desire to hold actual cotton.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 466 for March delivery and under scattered selling declined at Rs. 465/12. At this level there was little support which in conjunction with short covering improved March at Rs. 466/8 and the market thereafter steadied at Rs. 466/2.

Later on there was some liquidation and March delivery declined at Rs. 465/8.

Towards the close there was increased selling and the market closed at about the lowest level of the day at 4-30 p.m. as under:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| I C C Jan. | ..... | 451 | 8 0 |
| I C C March | .... | 464 | 4 0 |
| I C C May | ..... | 474 | 8 0 |
| I C C July | .... | 485 | 12 0 |
| I C C Sept. | ..... | 494 | 4 0 |

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Jan. 6.

| | Highest | Lowest | Closing |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. | 453-1/2 | 451-1/2 | 453 |
| March | 466-1/4 | 464-3/4 | 466 |
| May | 476 | 474-1/2 | 476 |
| July | 487 | 486 | 487 |
| Sept. | 495-1/2 | 494 | 495-1/2 |

Karachi 4F March 50/4/6 50/2/6 50/3/0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton March Contract is 1501 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

## GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Jan. 7

The Bombay Bullion market was fairly steady with mixed business in Silver while Gold firmed up on active buying. It appears that professional Bulls have now realised that India is paying undue high price for Silver in London market and more purchases by local dealers are reported at 52d. per ounce. These extensive purchases of Silver will be delivered here in due course in time before the next settlement. These developments indicate that the Silver has sufficiently high price and buyers are very cautious.

Posh Silver opened to-day at Rs. 148/14 and declined at Rs. 148/4. Ready Silver was quoted at a premium of Rs. 4/8 at Rs. 152/12. Posh Gold opened at Rs. 100/8 and improved at Rs. 100/15. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 102/12.

Thereafter this was some realising in Silver and Posh delivery declined at Rs. 148 while Posh Gold was steady at Rs. 101/2

Later on the market was quiet with further realising and final quotations were as under:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Reday Silver | ..... | 151 | 12 0 |
| Posh Delivery | ..... | 147 | 5 0 |
| Ready Gold | ..... | 103 | 0 0 |
| Posh Delivery | ..... | 100 | 12 0 |

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 7.

Tata Ordinary 506/8 Tata Deferred 2820 Indian Iron 46/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 38/8 Bombay Dyeing 2990 Central India 415 Gokak 376/4 Kohinoor 921/14 Simplex 435 Tata Hydro 210 Tata Power 1916/4 Associated Cement 229/8 Belapur 343/2 Bombay Burma (Old) 692/8.

## MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 7.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th—12th month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2

New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/2.

New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 3/4.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2 not under L/C.

Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 333.

Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs 329 1/4.

Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3550.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D. D Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.

London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32.

London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.

London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 479.70-480.30.

London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4.

London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50.

London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36.

London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 1/2 4.03 1/2.

London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02-4.04.

London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70.

London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70

London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40.

Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Dull.

Gold London £8-12-3.

Gold New York dol. 35.

Silver London 55 1/2.

Silver New York 83 3/4.

London Discts 3 Months 17/32. p c

London Discts. 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money :—Call 1/4 per cent 3 Months 1/2 per cent. 6 Months 3/4 per cent 12 Months 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone: Steady enquiry.

# New York Cotton Market Quiet

## FEEBLE RECOVERY IN FINAL HOUR ON SPECULATIVE TRADE BUYING

NEW YORK, Jan. 6, (UPA). Moderately active trading and irregular prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. The market weakened after a firm opening. The early rise of 90 cents per bale swept the list to the highest prices in nine days, with nearby March reaching 33-1/4 cents. Prices held a firm position until the noon hour when the new crop positions weakened. They then broke 41 to 57 from the highs with October standing the brunt of selling. The sharp reversal followed the report of a private market advisory service that the market was still bearish and recommended sales in October.

PEEBLE RALLY

Prices rallied feebly from the lows in the final minutes of trading with the market closing a net of seven to 27 lower. The late slowdown in the selling pressure and the slight pickup of speculative trade demand was coupled with the steadiness in securities and Truman's recommendation to Congress for permanent farm welfare before the war-time measures end. Truman said: "The present laws give considerable stability to farm prices for 1947 and 1948 and these two years must be utilized to maintain and develop markets for our great productive power."

LABOUR DISPUTES

The President's request for compulsory arbitration of labour disputes and his declaration that a balanced budget would be prepared for the next fiscal year was viewed constructively.

The opening firmness was coupled with week-end accumulation of mill buying for domestic and foreign account plus continued emphasis on the stastical picture as well as reports that farmers were withholding cotton from the market for higher prices. Weil Brothers; spot cotton merchants in Montgomery, Alabama, said that marketings of cotton were slow and orderly and the strong financial position of er, but since the decline, sales have been comparatively small with a continuing firm basis. Additional uplifting factors included reports of smaller Brazilian acreage and the possibility of early resumption of private trade in raw cotton with Japan and Germany. The National Cotton Council of Memphis Tennessee, said that expectations of a substantial increase in the Brazilian cotton acreage were not materializing. The expected increase of up to 18 per cent was turning out to be only five per cent. Labour shortages provided obstacles to heavier plantings while the low yields were due to soil deterioration, which also tended to hold down Brazilian production. Previous expectations of a sharp increase in plantings were based on higher prices and hopes that Brazilian plantings would show results comparable to the 1943-1944 crop of 2,700,000 bales. The crop last year totalled 1,425,000 bales. Harvesting of the current Brazilian crop is expected to get under-way early this spring. The Council also reported that Spain was needing sizeable amounts of raw cotton to prevent textile plant closings in the next few weeks.

SPANISH PURCHASES

Meanwhile, Spanish cotton purchases here have fallen off sharply because of the depletion of foreign exchange and the unwillingness of domestic shippers to entertain new business because of the unsettled Spanish political and financial situation. However, Spain is now reported to be seeking a commercial loan here for the purchase of American cotton.

In the southern sections of the domestic belt where crop is gathered early, much activity was reported in breaking ploughing land for fallowing. Open weather and better farm equipment have resulted in a great deal more of winter preparation of soil in the Southeastern States the acrecent ahead of last year.

Traders expressed the opinion that today's decline in new crops was largely technical and with a short position apparent, the market was in a position to respond to any bullish developments.

## WALL STREET MARKET VERY STEADY

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.

The stock market worked generally higher with the list showing broad-front advances. The reinvestment demand at the outset for leading rubbers, industrial specialities and chemicals brought better support elsewhere, particularly aviations meat packings and department stores. The advance was attributed to the confidence that President Truman's state of the union message today will pave the way for constructive legislation. Activity quietened in the afternoon as traders devoted main attention to Truman's message. Prices however continued around the day's best with steels deriving some additional benefit from the two point rise in steel operation to 89.67 per cent capacity Brokers considered Truman's menage as constructive in so far as it proposed labour legislation was concerned, but at the same time some opined that while the move was in the right direction, it was not extensive enough. Meanwhile the Senate labour committee is aiming to schedule early hearings on labour legislation with a view to presenting a bill to the Senate by mid-February. Late profit-taking caused a shading of numerous top prices but still left the market showing gains upto one point or so with Dupont and union pacific 4 to 5 points higher at 189-3/4 and 132-1/2 respectively. The market closed very steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 6

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 33.17—10 |
| March | 32.97—11 |
| March Highest | 33.25+17 |
| March Lowest | 32.82—26 |
| May | 32.40—07 |
| July | 30.75—25 |
| October | 27.75—27 |
| December | 27.30—29 |
| January | 27.05— |
| Middling Spot | 34.15—13 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 32.95—07 |
| May | 32.32—10 |
| July | 30.72—16 |
| October | 27.74 21 |
| December | 27.30—19 |
| Middling Spot | 33.30—05 |

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 2.14 |
| March | 2.04-1/4 |
| May | 1.95-1/8 |
| July | 1.79-7/8 |

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 6.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Consols 2-1/2 pc | 98-3/4 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961 | 115-1/8 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after | 108-3/8 |
| Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90 | 121-1/4 |
| Victory Bonds 4 pc | 123-1/4 |
| Chartered Bank of I. A. and China | 10-7/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) | 88-1/2 |
| National Bank of India | 36-3/4 |

SILVER INDUSTRY TO EXPERIENCE GREATEST YEAR IN 1947.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6. (U.P.A.):

Mr. E. C. Stevens, President of the International Silver Co. today said that provided unexpected conditions do not interfere in production plans, the silverware industry should experience the greatest year in history during 1947.

"Today's production surpasses that of our best peace-time year," he said. "However, there is no assurance that production during 1947 will catch up with the large back-log of sterling and plated silver orders built up during the war years. We may be well into 1948 before this happens."

VALUE OF JAPANESE PRECIOUS METALS

TOKYO Jan. 6, (U.P.A.):

General Douglas MacArthur's Occupation report today disclosed that the Allied Command is the custodian of Japanese precious metals valued at over 256,060,000 dollars of which 206,474,997 dollars were represented by 182,727,764 fine grams of gold. Allied Command's silver stocks in October amounted to 2,035,973,107 fine grams valued at 45,789,034 dollars.

NEW YORK SILVER PRICE DECLINES

NEW YORK, Jan. 6 (UPA): On the New York Bullion Exchange today, silver was quoted at 82-3/4 cents per ounce, marking a decline of one cent from the previous quotation.

Traders asserted that this one-cent drop in the quotation was due to the usual Monday decline in demand. The volume of business transacted was probably less than 200,000 ounces, all of which was destined for domestic use.

CHINA SHOULD BECOME PRINCIPAL BUYER

SPARTANBURG, South Carolina, Jan. 6, (U.P.A.): Three textile authorities today predicted that China should become the principal buyer of not only textiles but all American-made goods, becoming the leading Overseas customer of the U. S. textile industry and supplanting England, India and Japan who formerly monopolized the market. They reported that both China and Japan urgently need textiles and their own industrial recovery will take a long time.

MORE SILVER TO COME

LONDON, Jan. 6, (U.P.A.):

The London silver market remained quiet today with two minor transactions aggregating around 500,000 ounces at 62-1/2 pence and 62 pence per ounce for shipment by the "Dumra" on January 12th.

One market authority believes that the "Dumra" will carry about 4,000,000 ounces to Bombay on business already done; another believes that the total quantity will be nearer 3,500,000 ounces including today's.

# Reactions To A.I.C.C. Decision

LONDON, Jan. 6, (Reuter): The news of the All-India Congress Committee's acceptance by a majority of the British interpretation of the controversial grouping clauses in the Cabinet Mission's plan for self-Government has aroused much interest in London political quarters. Members of Parliament within contact during the new year parliamentary recess are much interested at the news cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Labour Member who was a prominent figure in the Parliamentary Delegation to India, commented: "I personally am gratified to know that the All-India Congress Committee has decided by a substantial majority to accept the proposals which, I hope, will lead to favourable response from the Muslim League. At any rate the Congress itself has emphasised its earnest desire of going so far as it possibly can toward removing outstanding difficulties and problems.

Mr. Sorensen continued: "In the circumstances I can personally see no reason why the Muslim League should not now whole-heartedly co-operate and join its energies with the Congress in a strenuous and confident attempt to lay the foundations of a new Indian constitution. Such a constitution will not only avoid unhappy disputes and indeed tragedies of recent years and months but also will give hope to the toiling millions of India that they will not only enjoy full political freedom and responsibility but also the prospect of considerable improvement in their economic position."

Mr. Leopold Amery, former Secretary of State for India, said: "The Congress resolution marks on the face of it, the desire to go part of the way to meet the Muslim League or, at any rate, to appear to do so, but the qualifications which it included make it by no means certain that it will achieve that purpose."

Mr. Richard Austen Butler a spokesman of the Conservative Opposition India said: "It will be interesting to hear the reactions of the Muslim League. It has always been the aim of British policy to transfer power to organs of a Government, the nature of which has been agreed by the major communities."

CONGRESS ACCEPT GROUPING UNCONDITIONALLY.

AMRITSAR, Jan. 6. (A.P.I.): The view that the resolution passed by the A.I.C.C. amounted to an unconditional acceptance of groups by the Congress, even though it alluded to certain vague assurances in case of compulsion, was expressed by Giani Kartar Singh, President of the Shiromani Akali Dal, the premier organisation of the Sikhs, and member of the Constituent Assembly, in an interview to the Associated Press of India.

Giani Kartar Singh said: "The Congress had advised Assam, N.W.F.P., and the Sikhs to go into section, i.e., to the Muslim League, and have negotiations with that body now." So far the nationalists among the Sikhs in particular were opposed to such a move. They were not prepared to touch the Muslim League with the longest pair of tongs. In fact they always taunted all those people who were of the opinion that only the right course for the minorities in the North West India was to have an honourable settlement with the Muslim League.

So far, I should say, the Congress has deserted us in the matter of groups. I am waiting to see whether the Congress deserts us in the matter of granting veto regarding communal matters or comes out with its assurances in that behalf. Disappointed sorely as the Sikhs are in the grouping their final decision will be reached after they see the fate of the resolution which they had already moved in the Constituent Assembly. My request and advice to the Congress is not to disappoint the Sikhs regarding this communal veto. If that request is disregarded this will prove the last straw that breaks the camel's back."

SIKHS TO RESENT CONGRESS ACCEPTANCE

AMRITSAR, Jan. 6 (API): The Congress resolution accepting the British Government's statement of December sixth will cause widespread resentment among the Sikhs, said Master Tara Singh, the veteran Akali leader in an interview to the Associated Press of India.

Master Tara Singh added: "The acceptance by the Congress of the statement strengthens the Muslim League's position and, consequently weakens the Sikh position. The Sikhs are determined to fight against the Muslim domination in the Punjab though I cannot say just now how and when the fight will begin. We had made it clear, times out of number that any concession to the Muslim intransigence is sure to operate against the Sikhs unless the same rights are given to the Sikhs. The position cannot be easily reconciled as the Muslim League is always reluctant to provide for Sikhs the safeguards it wants to secure for itself at the point of pistol".

UNENVIABLE POSITION CREATED FOR ASSAM

NEW DELHI Jan. 6. (API): The resolution passed by the A.-I.C.C. today has created an unenviable position for Assam, says Mr Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed (Assam) a former member of the Congress Working Committee in a statement to the Press.

Mr. Fakhruddin adds: "In view of the clear and unequivocal mandate given by the Assam Legislative Assembly to its representatives in the Constituent Assembly the resolution passed by the A.I.C.C. today has indeed created an unenviable position for Assam. The mandate given by the Assembly and the attitude so far taken by the Assam Provincial Congress Committee were in consonance with the wishes of the people of Assam. There is therefore no doubt that the resolution passed by the A.-I.C.C. will give little solace to the troubled mind of the people of Assam but expediency demands that we should await further developments and shape our future course of action accordingly."

BANKERS' CLEARING.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 3rd January '47 were as under :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Number of Cheques: | | 163,876 |
| Amount of Cheques: | Rs. | 60,23,22,502-0-0. |


DISPOSALS

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, Bombay invite sealed tenders for the purchase of the following stores:—

G. I. CHAINS OF VARIOUS SIZES ETC.

LOCATION: D. G. S. R. Godown Jackeria Bunder Road, Sewri, Bombay.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: Tender No. RCS/914/EP/Arrears.

LAST DATE DUE: By 4 p. m. on 23rd January, 1947.

Offers should be sent to this office in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed with the above tender number, and should remain open for acceptance for a month thereafter.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from this office on application free of charge up to 22nd January, 1947. All further particulars may be secured from this office.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay
Tel: 30041 (5 lines)
DS/186

DISPOSALS

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, Bombay, invites tenders for the purchase of GENERAL EQUIPMENT SALVAGED FROM OIL TANKERS, CONSISTING OF PUMPS AND THEIR FITTINGS (STOP VALVES, PRESSURE GAUGES, CANVAS HOSE, COUPLINGS, NIPPLES, TEE PIECES, NOZZLES, ETC.) HEATERS, AIR COMPRESSORS ETC. ALL IN NEW CONDITION AND LYING IN BOMBAY.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: Tender No. RCS/1724/CPM

LAST DATE DUE: By 4 P. M. on 23rd January, 1947.

Offers should be sent to this office in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed with the above tender number, and should remain open for acceptance for a month thereafter.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from this office on application free of charge up to 22nd January, 1947. All further particulars may be secured from this office.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay
Tel: 30041 (5 lines)
DS/187

A BOON TO THE HINDI AND MARATHI PUBLIC

Just Published

THE VIKRAMA SMRITI GRANTHA

The first Historic work in Hindi and Marathi Languages giving at one place Various theories about the Great Emperor Vikramaditya and his times. A work that is encyclopaedic in scope and is monumental compendium of best articles on History, Culture, Philosophy, Poetics, Fine Arts, Sciences, Literature and Politics on Ancient India with special reference to Central India and Malwa. A remarkable work which deserves to be widely read. Highly praised by eminent Scholars and Orientalists.

1. Hindi Vikrama Smriti Grantha up 910, Demy Size 11" x 9" Price Rs. 30 including packing and Postage.

2. Marathi Vikrama Smriti pp 552 Super Royal size 10 1/2" x 7" Price Rs. 10 excluding Packing and Postage.

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THE INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE
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MUTT AND JEFF—Well, Can't A Man Change His Mind As Well As A Woman? By BUD FISHER

BUT, JEFF, LENA IS A NICE GIRL! SHE LIKES YOU!
I DON'T CARE! I DON'T WANT HER FOR MY GIRL!
BUT SHE'S JUST YOUR TYPE!
NIX! I WOULDN'T HAVE HER FOR MY SWEETIE FOR ALL THE MONEY IN THE WORLD!
MY GAL'S GOTTA HAVE CLASS! GLAMOUR! LIKE ENCEE HAD!
OH, BOYS, LOOK! I'M RICH! MY UNCLE BUB LEFT ME ALL THIS LAND WORTH $100,000! TO ME, LENA! ?
OH, I'M SO HAPPY I MUST SEE THE LAWYER RIGHT AWAY!
THIS LAND IS THE PROPERTY OF UNCLE BUB
YOU KNOW, MUTT, I WORSHIP THE GROUND THAT GAL WALKS ON!

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# OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance

### MATRIMONIAL

**Wanted—Gujarati Virgin or Childless** Widow for an unmarried Bania Doctor (Graduate), aged 45. Write Box No. 4472, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Brihacharan Madrasi** Brahmin boy established in life for sixteen year old fair complexioned healthy educated accomplished girl. Room provided. Apply with horoscopes and particulars Box No. 4451, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Bhatia Young Man** Graduate and well-settled in life for highly connected U.P. Bhatia Girl 18 years age, fairly beautiful, reading in B.A. (Final) well versed in domestic work. Apply Box No. 4478, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Malabar Brahmin Bachelor** or Widower, any subsect for fair accomplished Vadama Girl (widow) age 22, having some money and block in Bombay. Apply Box No. 4483, "Bombay Chronicle."

### SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted an experienced wholetime** lady tutor (preferably Hindi-knowing) for a lady student in Calcutta appearing in I.A. (Benares Hindu University) with English, Hindi, Logic, History, Domestic science, etc. Pay Rs. 250 per month with facilities of a furnished quarter. Apply with credentials to Mr. C. L. Bajoria, 212, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1345

**Wanted Teacher for Standard I** trained preferred. See Principal New Edu. School, Chowpatty. 4485

**Wanted a thoroughly experienced** correspondence and general office routine work assistant. Apply with full particulars pay, qualifications etc. to Box No. 4484. "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted immediately experienced** Clerks for Office work. Knowledge and experience of accounts preferable. Apply stating age, experience with copies of testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 1316, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted a qualified Weaving Master** with experience of Cotton and Art Silk for a local Silk Mills. Salary according to qualifications. Apply giving full particulars enclosing copies of testimonials to Box No. 1355, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted A Qualified Nurse for an** Old Lady on monthly basis. Apply Sahara Blade Depot, Bombay. 3. (448)

**Wanted Experienced Mechanical** Driver and Lorry drivers, Kazi Company. Near Chamarbaug Post Parel, Telephone 61528. 4491

**Young man for outdoor and typing** work. Salary Rupees fifty plus commission and T.A. Good future prospects. Apply sharp to Box No. 4476, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Lady Teacher to teach** Karve's Matric English subject. See A. Block, 548, Daulat Villa, Vincent Road, Matunga. (4477)

**Wanted for developing a Vanaspati** Factory, a senior qualified and experienced Chemist. Should have minimum 8|10 years of manufacturing production and control experience. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience. Salary expected, etc., to Box No. 4475, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted immediately Graduate** Teachers for English, Mathematics, History, Geography, Gujarati. Please apply to Educational Inspector, Mangrol State, (Kathiawar), stating qualifications and minimum salary required. (4455)

**Wanted A Senior Factory Office** Administrator, Qualified and fully experienced in Factory Management. Those having a minimum of ten years' experience of Factory management and particularly in Oil Milling Industry or Vanaspati Products, etc., would be preferred. Apply stating age qualifications salary expected etc., to Box No. 4474, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Applications invited from Officers** holding Master, Mate and 2nd Mate (foreign-going) certificate and from Engineers holding 1st class B.O.T. certificate for service on sea-going vessels. Apply immediately with references and full details of previous experience to: Box No. 1312, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted a Shorthand Typist. Apply** stating age, experience and the minimum salary expected to the Box No. 101, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Qualified Compounder with diploma** in first aid, preferably with factory experience; required for full time work in large engineering workshops, Bombay. Salary required should be stated but remuneration will be according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 1332, "Bombay Chronicle."

**If you want any kind of employ**ment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our Terms. Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 4413

### PROPERTIES WANTED

**Wanted about 100 acres of land** near Bombay or in Thana District, or Kolaba Dt. suitable for a Textile Mill with Electricity and plenty of water supply in vicinity. Please write with full particulars, viz., price of land, transport, facilities, etc. No Brokers. Box No. 1317, "Bombay Chronicle."

### PERSONAL ADLETS

**Wanted gentlemen desirous of be**coming Members of Amusement Club (which would provide various sorts of amusement amenities) to be started shortly overlooking Sea. Write for details to Box No. 4340, "Bombay Chronicle."

**A chance to win a fortune!** Every week Zetters Pools offer Four Big dividends for forecasting only Eleven Football Matches—an opportunity you shouldn't miss, so get this week's "Sunday Standard" and send in your entry for a big money prize. Enquiries to Zetters International Pools Ltd., Mubarak Manzil, Apollo St., Bombay. 9739B

**Free service rendered to all classes** of Merchants. Apply for membership with postal stamps of Re. 1 to: Merchants' Information Bureau, 19, Kalikrishna Tagore St., Calcutta. 1357

### ACCOMMODATION WANTED

**Wanted a suitable site for a fac**tory, Big or Small, in Bombay. Write Box No 4405, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted open space or building for** motor garage & showroom at Hughes Road, Queen's Road or Chowpati. Apply Box No. 1359, "Bombay Chronicle."

### EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

**Senior Cambridge—Splendid Coa**ching. Enrol: Office Training Institute, Near Kohinoor Mill 3, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar. (4445)

**Become Accountant, Secretary,** Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com. courses. American Correspondence College, (B.C.), Delhi. (3925A)

### AGENTS WANTED

**Wanted Agents or Stockists for** our pearl and nut buttons. The Luxmi Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal) (4395)

**Bengal Cotton Cultivation & Mills** Ltd.—Wanted—Respectable Shareselling Agents (Company estd. 1940; Dividend paid March, 1942—15%, 1943-10%, 1944-10%, 1945-10%, 1946-Expectation not below 10%). Unique combination of cotton plantation and Mills in India. Apply to Planters' Syndicate Ltd., Mg. Agents. 107, Old China Bazar Street, Calcutta. (1066)

**Wanted Bonafide Agents for our** 'Baluchistan' pure grape Vinegar; Vodka and Konyak-fine Russian Liquors; Rum, Grape Brandy and other fruit and fermentation products. Please apply giving details of the sales organisation, etc., to P. B. No. 76, Quetta. 1356

### AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

**Ready Stock Dobbins make Ame**rican continuous Agricultural Sprayers sizes four and three gallons. Samples on view Henry Davis Company, 18 Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Tel. 27169. (1365)

### BUSINESS OFFERS

**Limited Companies having Call** Moneys to be realized, may write to Post Box 526, Bombay. (4493)

**Importers|Stockists of Aspirin pow**der, Antifebrine, Milk-Sugar & other drugs to contact with rates and stocks available in bulk|wholesale quantities. Somjee & Coy., Near Sitlamandir, Lahore. (1358)

**Soap Without Caustic Soda. Fatty**-Acids supplies available. Soap makers please communicate Box No. 1360, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Fatty Acids—Oleinic Acid, Stearin**ic Acid, Palmitinic Acid. Supplies are available. Please communicate Box No. 1360A "Bombay Chronicle."

### BUSINESS FOR SALE

**Running Mechanical Workshop in** Hindu locality for sale. Good profits assured for intending purchasers. Apply Box No. 4486, "Bombay Chronicle."

### MACHINERIES FOR SALE

**For Sale, three new ungrooved top** sugarcane mill rollers, two reshelled and ungrooved top mill rollers and one side mill roller reshelled ungrooved size all 24" x 48." For full particulars write to The General Manager, R. B. Seth Lachhmandass Mohanlal & Sons Sugar Mills, Jarwal Road, O. T. Rly. (1333)

**Oil Expellers for Sale. English** make, Ex-Stock write Box No. 1361, "Bombay Chronicle."

### MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

**Kashmir.—For Reserving Fishing** Beats, Camps, Gulmarg Huts, Houseboats, Bungalows & Quotations for "All In" contract Consult: Kashmir General Agency P. O. Box 17, Srinagar Kmr. Stockists & Exporters of Saffron, Honey, Dry Fruits, Namdas, Wood Carvings, Papeirmachie, Silks, Tweeds and all Kashmir Crafts. X'Mas Presents & Gift Parcels a Speciality. (4469)

**Wanted—Celluloid and Aeroscrap** Cellulose Sheets thickness 1|16" & 1|8". Quote lowest with samples and quantity. Apply Box No. 4471, "Bombay Chroncile."

**Wanted ungrained Lithographic** Zinc plates .025" thick in the size of 42" x 50" and over. Forward offers to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (4480)

### MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**For Sale—We intend disposing of** immediately our surplus stock of lead sheets. The sheets are chemically pure and rolled into sheets of 1/8" thickness and size 10' x 2 1/2'. Price Rs. 70 per cwt. or near offer. The Fertilisers & Chemicals, Travancore Ltd., Kundara. 4468

**For Sale or rent—well-furnished** Shack on Juhu Beach. Completely water-proof and fitted with Electricity, Municipal Water and Telephone. Offers to Box No. 4492 "Bombay Chronicle."

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

### NOTICE

RARE OPPORTUNITY to Confectioners, Drapers, Milliners. Available ready stock. English transparent (Cellophane type) papers plain water clear rolls of 30 yds X 19/20". Apply Indo-European Chemco, Anand Bhuvan, Princess Street, Bombay 2. 4411

### FOR SALE

ABOUT 76 old G. I. drums each of 40-45 gallons capacity with iron rail hoops are to be sold being no longer serviceable for storage of spirit. Offers for the drums should reach the undersigned before 20th January 1947. The drums can be inspected on any working day at the Distillery.

A. G. GOKHALE,
Superintendent,
Government Central Distillery,
Nasik Road. (1308)

### NOTICE

IT is notified for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: ERNEST GUTMANN.
Present Nationality: GERMAN.
Full Address: Roxana, 109, Queen's Road, Bombay. (1281)

### NOTICE.

It is notified for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: DORA MINZ-STEINERT
Present Nationality: STATELESS
Full address: Mafatlal Park, Warden Road, Bombay. 1278

### NOTICE.

THE FOLLOWING Trailer Pumps are available For Sale.

| Make of pump. | Number available. | Present depreciated value per pump. |
|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. |
| 1. Chrysler | 8 | 3,460. |
| 2. Coventry Climax | 7 | 3,750 |
| 3. Harland | 4 | 3,750 |
| 4. Drysdale | 5 | 3,500 |

A special concession of 50 per cent on the depreciated value will be allowed to local bodies and factories in or outside this Province and to other Provincial Governments or Indian States desiring to purchase the pumps for fire-fighting or agricultural purposes. The pumps can be inspected at the office of the Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, Byculla, Bombay. Intending purchasers should send in their applications to him with a deposit of Rs 250/- per pump, with the least possible delay.

G. G. DREWE,
Secretary to the
Government of Bombay.
Home Department. 1371

### BOMBAY PORT TRUST
### STORES DEPARTMENT

APPLICATIONS are invited for the permanent post of Dy. Controller of Stores, pay Rs. 700-40-900 plus House Rent Allowance and War Allowance admissible under the Rules. Higher starting pay, if necessary, would be given according to qualifications.

Candidates must be of Indian domicile and should not be over 45 years of age. They should be graduates and should have held responsible positions in large Stores Organizations. A degree in Enginering would be an additional qualification.

The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of six months and will be confirmed on the permanent staff if found suitable after that period. He will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness from the Bombay Port Trust Chief Medical Officer. The post is subject to the usual leave and Provident Fund Rules of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

Applications giving age and full particulars of qualifications and experience with copies of testimonials must reach this Office not later than 31st January 1947 and should be addressed to the undersigned with the endorsement "Appointment of Dy. Controller of Stores."

Applications from persons already in employment must be forwarded through their existing employers.

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees will disqualify the candidates concerned.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.
Clarke Bunder,
Mazagon, Bombay No. 10. 1351

### MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**Buy and Try us to purchase** anything from Kashmir at very moderate rates. We offer our prompt services. T. Mall & Co., Srinagar-Kashmir. (4470)

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Muslim candidates to fill a temporary post of Executive Engineer, Mechanical Division, under the Chief Engineer, Public Health, Bengal. Pay Rs. 500-1000 plus usual dearness allowance. Age must not be over 42 years on 1st January, 1947. Qualifications—A candidate (a) must be a corporate member of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers (London) or the Institution of Engineers (India), Mechanical Section, or (b) must be a holder of a degree or diploma in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University: a candidate qualified as at (a) or (b) above must have, in addition, served for a sufficiently long period with a well-known firm of Mechanical or Electrical Engineering or a reputed engineering firm engaged in the manufacture of pumping plants or electrical machinery and have sufficient experience in running and maintaining waterworks machinery, sewage pumping plants, etc. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a Treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 16th January, 1947. (1368)

### PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male candidates to fill 35 vacancies in the Bengal Medical Service (Upper). Of these vacancies 18 are reserved for Muslims, 9 for non-Muslims and 8 for members of the Scheduled Castes. Preference will be given to war returned candidates. Temporary officers in Government service are permitted to apply. Pay Rs. 140-380. An initial pay at Rs. 200|- per month will be allowed at present. Age—must not be over 28 years on the 1st March, 1947: the excess of age may be condoned in the case of war returned candidates and those who are already in temporary service of Government. Qualifications—A candidate must be a medical graduate of a recognised Indian University or must have medical qualifications registerable in England or must hold the diploma of membership of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 10 March, 1947. (1367)

### PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION. BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from women candidates to fill 4 temporary posts of Medical Officer for Venereal Diseases Clinics on a fixed pay of Rs. 325|- per month for an M.B. and Rs. 150|- per month for a licentiate. The selected candidates will be allowed private practice provided it does not interfere with their official duties. The incumbents of the post are liable to transfer. Age—must not be more than 40 years on 1st January, 1947. Qualifications—A candidate must be an M.B. or a licentiate with full knowledge of and experience in Venereology. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of application on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 10th March, 1947. (1366)

### THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Head Office:
11, Clive Row, CALCUTTA.

IN PURSUANCE of the Company's previous advertisements for the election of two policy-holders' Directors, the policy-holders of the Company are hereby informed that as there are only two applications for directorships, in terms of the previus advertisements, the two applicants namely Rai Saheb S. C. Ghosh of Serampore and Mr. P. S. Guha of Shillong, are hereby declared elected as policy-holders' Directors of the Company and that no meeting as notified before need and will be held.

A. B. CHATTERJEE,
Secretary.
Dated: Calcutta, 2nd January, 1947. 1352

### G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m on 17-1-47 for the supply of Pure Milk at the Railway's milk shops at Igatpuri, Nasik, Deviali, Nandgaon and Bhusawal. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. 1285

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### SALE OF EMPTY TINS.
### NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the purchase of approximately 7,500 empty tins of milk powder of 112 lbs. capacity. Samples can be seen at the Separated Milk Powder Depot at the Cricket Club of India, Churchgate.

Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money deposit of Rs. 500 to be paid in Milk Commissioner's office.

Full particulars of the stocks and of the terms and conditions of sale can be had free at the office of the undersigned on any working day during office hours.

The last date for receipt of tenders is 16th January, 1947 and no tender received after 5 p.m. on that date will be considered.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Milk Commissioner.
Office of the Milk Commissioner,
Old Wellington Cinema Building,
Dhobi Talao, Bombay,
Dated: 3rd January, 1947. 1362

### PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND.

SEPARATE APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 15-2-1947 for the following posts:—

(1) MECHANICAL CULTIVATION ENGINEER (1 POST).
(2) ASSISTANT MECHANICAL CULTIVATION ENGINEER (2 POSTS).

PAY.—For post (1) Rs. 300-900 for a direct recruit (Rs. 250 for 2 years of probation) and Rs. 320-1200 for a candidate who has been in continuous employ in the Bombay Agricultural Service prior to 4-8-1931. For posts (2), Rs. 170-500 for a direct recruit (Rs. 150 for 2 years of probation) and Rs. 250-750 for a candidate who has been in continuous employ in the Bombay Agricultural Service prior to 4-8-1931. In all cases officers will be paid war allowance admissible under the rules. Higher starting pay may be allowed in suitable cases. AGE.—Above 25 and not more than 35 years on 1-5-1947, subject to relaxation in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS.—A degree in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University or A.M.I.M.E. or an equivalent technical diploma. In addition, candidates should have not less than 3 years' practical training for post (1) and not less than 2 years' practical training for posts (2), in heavy engineering works or a commercial concern engaged in the manufacture or repair of heavy track vehicles, agricultural implements or soil moving machinery, or alternatively, training for the same period in the maintenance and repairs of heavy armoured vehicles used for military purposes. Candidates should also have a minimum of three years' practical experience for post (1) and a minimum of two years' practical experience for posts (2), in the operation, maintenance and repairs of mechanical equipment preferably mobile and have held an administrative position, at least equivalent to a Works Manager, for post (1) and an Assistant Works Manager for posts (2). In all cases, candidates should have experience in the operation and maintenance of diesel oil engines, manufacture and repair of agricultural implements and experience in large-scale farming by means of tractor equipment. Experience in the operation and maintenance of mechanical units engaged in agricultural operations will be considered an additional qualification. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3 1/2 annas stamps and uncrossed Postal Order for Re. 1 payable to the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. 1353

### B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

Tender Notice No. T-LP/1

TENDERS are invited on the prescribed form G. S. 203; obtainable from this office for the purchase of the following:

| Commodity. | Dohad. | Godhra. |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Toor Dal oiled | 300 | 300 |
| 2. Toor Dal plain | 300 | — |
| 3. Urad Dal | 1500 | 200* |
| 4. Moong Dal | 600 | 400* |
| 5. Masoor Dal | 800 | —* |
| 6. Urad whole | 30 | — |
| 7. Moth | — | 30 |
| 8. Groundnut oil | 400 | 200 |
| 9. Til oil | 150 | — |
| 10. Jagree | 500 | — |
| 11. Garlic | 40 | 15 |
| 12. Potatoes | 250 | 100 |
| 13. Barley | 1000 | — |

*Delivery of part supply to be effected within 4 days.

Tenders closing on 14th Jan, 1947 at 12-00 hours.

Tender forms and terms can be had from this office on application.

ASSISTANT CONTROLLER,
Grainshops, Dohad.
Date: 6-1-47. 1370

### IMPORT TRADE CONTROL
### PUBLIC NOTICE

ACTUAL USERS and regular importers of Bleaching Earth, Activated Fuller's Earth, or Fuller's Bleaching Earth falling under S. No. 122 of Part V are informed that it has been decided to issue licences for a limited quantity of these articles for the period Jan.-June 1947. Applications in the prescribed form for import licences for the goods should be forwarded to the Chief Controller of Imports direct so as to reach him on or before the 31st January 1947. In the case of regular importers applications should be supported by documents showing evidence of past imports from the country concerned, and also evidence of availability of the goods. The applications will be considered together soon after the 31st January 1947. Applications received after that date will not be considered.

M. H. MAHMOOD,
Dy. Chief Controller
of Imports.
Arya Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 7th January, 1947. 1369

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m on 17-1-47 for the supply of milk at the Railway milk shops at Poona, Sivajinagar, Lonavla, Dehu Road and Talegaon from 1-2-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office 1284

### MORVI PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

SEALED TENDERS for (1) the General Structural work of the Hancock Girls' High School at Morvi, estimated at Rs. 200,000|- and (2) the Ground Floor Work of the Hospital at Morvi estimated at Rs. 1,75,000|- are invited so as to reach the undersigned upto 4 p.m. on Saturday the 1st February 1947. Tender forms, specification, Schedule of Quantities, etc. for each work can be had from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10|- during office hours. The State is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. M. GANDHI,
State Engineer, Morvi. (1363)

### PUBLIC NOTICE
### BUILDING OPEN FOR SALE.

A BUILDING situated at 1st Parsee Wada Road, Girgaon, "D" Ward, having Hindoo Tenants, is open for Sale. Area 110 square yards, Rent Rs. 192|- per month. (Building No. 23-25). Offers are invited from the interesting party.

Apply:—
LILADHAR BHANJI GANDHI,
Architects,
181, Vithalbhai Patel Road,
Manek Building, Top Floor,
BOMBAY 4. (4479)

### NOTICE.

F/Lt. K. B. Commissariat, GDRO (pilots) Bombay will visit the following places during January, 1947. Those interested in joining the R.I.A.F. as pilots can call on him for interviews between 09-00 hrs. and 12-30 hrs. on the following dates:—

POONA 7th to 10th at the recruiting office.
SHOLAPUR 12th & 13th at the Dak Bungalow.
BIJAPUR 15th & 16th at Dak Bungalow.
BELGAUM 18th & 19th at the Recruiting Office.

Those who are residing in Bombay can call on him on any working day for full particulars at A.F. (I) Building, Dhobitalao, Bombay. (1354)

## LEGAL NOTICES

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Summary Suit No. 2092 of 1946

BRIJCOOVER, wife of Nanji V. Dossa. ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
PURSHOTTAM BHARTIYA ..... Defendant.

To,
PURSHOTTAM BHARTIYA, Esq.,
The defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff abovenamed has filed the above Summary Suit against you under Rule 2 of Order 37 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for possession of 2nd floor of the property of the plaintiff, situate at Carmichael Road, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1A/716 of Malabar Cumballa Hill Division and for Rs. 2,700/- for rent from 1-12-1945 to 31-8-1946 at Rs. 300/- per month and for further sum at the rate of Rs. 300/- per month as compensation for use and occupation of the said premises from 1-9-1946 until vacant possession of the said premises is obtained by or delivered to the plaintiff and for costs and interests on Judgment at 4 per cent per annum till payment You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered in High Court, Bombay, within ten days from the date of this publication, in default the plaintiff will be entitled after expiration of such 10 days to obtain a Decree as prayed for by her. If you cause an appearance to be entered for you the plaintiff will serve upon you a Summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you can ask the Court to grant you leave to defend the above suit.

Dated the 22nd day of November, 1946.

A. R. NARAYAN IYER,
For Prothonotary
& Senior Master.
Messrs. DAYALJI & DIPCHAND.
Plaintiff's Attorneys. 1350

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF TRANSFORMERS AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS.

Under instructions from the Office concerned M|s. BENNETT & CO., will TODAY WEDNESDAY, the 8th January, 1947, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 12 Hamabai Mansion, Old Custom House Road:—

2 Transformers 1-250 K.V.A. and 1-200 K.V.A. 400|110 volts, 3 fase 50 cycles, and 2 oil circuit breakers, 15,000 volts 3 fase 50 circles in working condition. On view. Terms:—25 per cent deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### WANTED

APPLICATIONS for Sub-Inspector's posts in the Excise Department are invited from qualified candidates domiciled in the Province of Bombay. Intending candidates may apply before 31st January, 1947, in the printed form to be obtained from the office of the Chief Account Officer of Excise, Bombay, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1|- for each form either in cash or by an uncrossed Indian Postal Order in his favour.

M. D. BHAT,
Commissioner of Excise.
Bombay, 6th January, 1947. (1364)

## AUCTION SALES

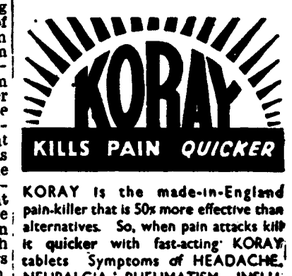
### SALES BY AUCTION
### OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT FORJET STREET (CUMBALLA HILL), BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Messrs. R. E. Papa & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Shavaksha Sheriarji Patel, Mr. Dinshaw Cawasji Neturwalla and Mrs. Tehmina Dinshaw Neturwalla, the owners of the property, the undersigned shall sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 11th January, 1947, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) the undermentioned property on site.

ALL that piece or parcel or redeemed Foras land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house or building and cottage standing thereon situate at Forjet Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement according to the last title deed one thousand two hundred and twenty-nine square yards and according to Cadastral Survey one thousand two hundred and seventy-six square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with the neighbouring properties on the North and South thereof under Collector's Old No. 433, New No. A|2315, Old Survey No. 57 and New Survey No. 7060 and Cadastral Survey No. 1|645 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3392 and Street Nos. 55 and 57 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North formerly by the property belonging to Dhanjibhoy Framji Contractor but now Hormusji Cawasji Bhedwar, on or towards the South partly by the property belonging to the trustees of Bai Jerbai Dhanjibhoy Contractor but now belonging to Mr. Ardeshir Unwalla, and partly by the property of Haji Habib Haji Karim, on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to the Trustees of the Fire Temple of Sunabai Hirji but now to Merwanji Manekji Mistry, and on or towards the West by the aforesaid Forjet Street and which said premises are at present in the occupation of the tenants of the present Vendors.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M|s. R. E. Papa & Co., Solicitors, 41, Hamam Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.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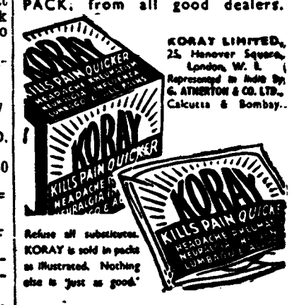


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PILICON FOR PILES


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